

Lower Thames Crossing

5.4.5.4 <u>Draft Agreed</u> Statement of Common Ground between (1) National Highways and (2) Shorne Parish Council (Tracked changes version)

APFP Regulation 5(2)(q)

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure)
Regulations 2009

Volume 5

DATE: <u>September 2023</u> <u>DEADLINE:4</u>,

Deleted: October 2022

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032

VERSION: 2,0

Deleted: 1

Lower Thames Crossing – 5.4.5.4 Draft Agreed Statement of Common Ground between (1) National Highways and (2) Shorne Parish Council (Tracked changes version)

Volume 5

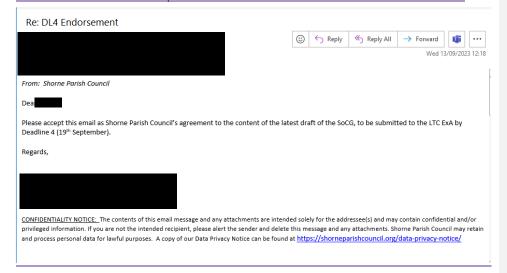
Revision history

Version	<u>Date</u>	Submitted at
1.0	31 October 2022	DCO Application
2.0	19 September 2023	Deadline 4

Status of the Statement of Common Ground

This is a Draft Agreed Statement of Common Ground with matters outstanding.

National Highways and Shorne Parish Council agree that this draft Statement of Common Ground is an accurate description of the matters raised and the status of each matter.



A high-level overview of the engagement undertaken since the DCO Application was submitted on the 31 October 2022 is summarised in Table A.1 in Appendix A.

Lower Thames Crossing

5.4.5.4 Draft Agreed Statement of Common Ground between (1) National Highways and (2) Shorne Parish Council (Tracked changes version)

List of contents

Page	number	

1	Intro	duction1
	1.1	Purpose of the Statement of Common Ground1
	1.2	Principal Areas of Disagreement1
	1.3	Terminology1
2	Matt	ers2
	2.1	Movement of outstanding matters2
App	endix	A Engagement activity120
		B Glossary121
		List of tables
		Page number
<u>Tab</u>	le 2.1	Matters3
		Engagement activities between the Applicant and Shorne Parish Council since Application was submitted on the 31 October 2022

Deleted: 1 Introduction 1¶ 1.1 Purpose of the Statement of Common Ground 1¶ 1.2 Parties to this Statement of Common Ground 1¶ 1.3 Terminology 1¶ 1.4 Overview of previous engagement 2¶ 1.5 Status of the Statement of Common Ground 2¶ 2 Matters 3¶ 2.1 Matters agreed, not agreed or under discussion 3¶ 3 Agreement on this Statement of Common Ground 80¶ Appendix A Documents considered within this Statement of Common Ground 81¶ Appendix B Glossary 82¶ Appendix C List of engagement activities 84¶ ¶ ¶ Deleted: Table 2.1 Matters 3¶

Table C.1 Engagement activities between National Highways and Shorne Parish Council. 84¶
¶

Deleted: Statement of Common Ground between (1) National Highways and (2) Shorne Parish Council¶

Volume 5

Introduction

Purpose of the Statement of Common Ground 1.1

- 1.1.1 This Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) has been prepared in respect of the Development Consent Order (DCO) application for the proposed A122 Lower Thames Crossing (the Project) made by National Highways Limited (the Applicant) to the Secretary of State for Transport (Secretary of State) under section 37 of the Planning Act 2008 on 31 October 2022.
- 1.1.2 The SoCG has been produced to confirm to the Examining Authority where agreement has been reached between the Applicant and Shorne Parish Council, and where agreement has not been reached. Where matters are yet to be agreed, the parties will continue to work proactively to reach agreement and will update, the SoCG to reflect areas of further agreement.
- This version of the SoCG has been submitted at Examination Deadline 4. 113

1.2 **Principal Areas of Disagreement**

- On the 19 December 2022 the Examining Authority made some early 1.2.1 procedural decisions to assist the Applicant, potential Interested Parties and themselves to prepare for the Examination of the Application.
- 1.2.2 One such procedural decision requested that a tracker recording Principal Areas of Disagreement in Summary (PADS) should be used.

The PADS tracker would provide a record of those principal matters of disagreement emerging from the SoCG and should be updated alongside the SoCG as appropriate throughout the examination with the expectation that a revised PADS Tracker should be submitted at every Examination deadline.

1.2.3 This SoCG should be read in conjunction with the Shorne Parish Council PADS Tracker [AS-079] published 16 March 2023. No other PADS have been submitted by Shorne Parish Council since this submission.

1.3 **Terminology**

In the matters table in Section 2, of this SoCG, "Matter not agreed" indicates agreement on the matter could not be reached following significant engagement, and "Matter under discussion" where these points will be the subject of ongoing discussion wherever possible to resolve, or refine, the extent of disagreement between the parties. "Matter agreed" indicates where the issue has now been resolved.

Deleted: Company

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: <#>This SoCG does not seek to replicate information which is available elsewhere within the Application Documents. All documents may be available on the Planning Inspectorate website.

Deleted: <#>parties named below

Deleted: <#>(yet)

Deleted: <#>SoCGs

Deleted: <#>an established means in the planning process of allowing all parties to identify and so focus on specific issues that may need

Deleted: <#>addressed during

Deleted: <#>examination

Deleted: <#>Parties to this Statement of Common

Deleted: prepared in respect of the Project by (1) National Highways, and (2) Shorne Parish Council

Moved (insertion) [1]: ¶

Deleted: National Highways became the Governmentowned Strategic Highways Company on 1 April 2015. It is the highway authority in England for the strategic road network and has the necessary powers and duties to operate, manage, maintain and enhance the network. Regulatory powers remain with the Secretary of State. The legislation establishing National Highways made provision for all legal rights and obligations of the Highways Agency, including in respect of the Project, to be conferred upon or assumed by National Highways.¶ Shorne Parish Council is a Local Authority constituted under the Local Government Acts. The Parish is located to the east of Gravesend, in the Borough of Gravesham in the

north-west of the county of Kent and is therefore in the western part of the Thames Gateway and Thames Estuary. The majority of the Project south of the Thames that has visible/above ground structures lies within Shorne parish.¶

Deleted: on-going

Moved (insertion) [2]:Section Break (Next Page)... Matters¶

Deleted: ¶ It is agreed that any

2 Matters

2.1 Movement of outstanding matters

- 2.1.1 Following submission of the previous version of this Draft Statement of
 Common Ground between the Applicant and Shorne Parish Council, further
 discussions on the outstanding matters have taken place. These discussions
 are summarised in Table A.1 in Appendix A and the outcome of these discussions is summarised below.
- 2.1.2 The following, matters have moved from 'Matter Under Discussion' to 'Matter Agreed':

2.1.52

2.1.1 The following matters have moved from 'Matter Under Discussion' to 'Matter Not Agreed':

2.1.19, 2.1.53, 2.1.84 and 2.1.100

2.1.2 The following matter has moved to a more appropriate topic within Table 2.1 but the item number remains unchanged due to signposting between PADS and SoCGs:

<u>Item number 2.1.51 has moved from Operations & Maintenance to Noise and Vibration.</u>

Deleted: not specifically referred to in Section 2

Deleted: SoCG are not of material interest or relevance to

Deleted: . As such, those

Deleted: can be read as agreed, only to the extent that they are either not of material interest or relevance to Shorne Parish Council. However, if new

Deleted: arise Shorne Parish Council reserves the right to comment on those...

Deleted: as it considers appropriate.

Moved up [2]:Section Break (Next Page)......
Matters¶

Deleted: Overview of previous engagement ¶

A summary of the meetings and correspondence undertaken between the two parties in relation to the Project is outlined in Appendix C.¶
Status of the Statement of Common Ground¶

It is agreed that this statement is an accurate description of the matters raised by Shorne Parish Council and the current status of each matter. ¶
It is agreed that Appendix C is an accurate record of the

key meetings and consultation undertaken between (1) National Highways and (2 Shorne Parish Council relation to the matters addressed in this Statement of Common Ground.¶

Deleted: Matters agreed, not agreed or under discussion¶
Table

- 2.1.3 <u>Table 2.1_ details and presents</u> the matters which have been agreed, not agreed, or are under discussion between (1) the Applicant and (2) Shorne Parish Council.
- 2.1.4 In the column 'Item No' in Table 2.1, 'Rule 6' indicates a matter entered in the SoCG as a result of a request in the Rule 6 letter, 'RRN' indicates a matter entered into the SoCG as a result of content in the Relevant Representation, 'RRE' indicates an existing SoCG matter that was also raised in the Relevant Representation, 'DLX' indicates a new matter added during examination at/around that deadline and 'OFHX' indicates a new item added in response to matters raised at an open floor hearing.
- 2.1.5 At Examination Deadline 4 there are 108 matters in total of which seven are agreed, 71 are not agreed and 30 remain under discussion.

Table 2.1 Matters

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
Need for the project					
Scheme, Objectives	2.1.1 RRE	Objectives need review - do not match or address actual problems: The principal problem at the Dartford Crossing is south- to-north traffic volume and flow, queuing and consequent pollution yet very little, and only temporary, relief will actually be delivered by the Project. Improving flow in that direction is inexplicably not an objective of the Project. The Project does not directly help the most	The Scheme, objectives were agreed through extensive discussions with the Department for Transport (DfT) and outline what the Project should achieve. The objectives are: 1. To support sustainable local development and regional economic growth in the	The Need for the Project [APP-494],	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: <#>It is acknowledged there are some matters where further discussion may take place during the detailed design stage of the Project to finalise detail, but the matter is agreed in principle. ¶ **Table 2.1 Matters**¶

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: Project

Deleted: Project

Deleted: The Need for the Project (Application Document 7.1)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
Topic	Item No.				Status
			improve their performance by providing free-flowing, north-south capacity.		
			6. To improve resilience of the Thames crossings and		

-{	Deleted: number
\mathcal{A}	Deleted: National Highways comment

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	 Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			the major road			
•			network.			
•			To improve			
i			safety.			
•			While objectives (5)			 Deleted: Whilst objective
•			and (6) do not			,
•			specifically refer to			
•			the south to north			
•			capacity, reduction in			
•			congestion at the			
•			Dartford Crossing and			
•			its approach roads_a			Deleted: ;
•			reduction in journey			
•			time and			
1			improvements in			
•			resilience and			
1			connectivity alongside			
•			benefits to both the			
•			local and regional			
•			economy, are the			
•			principal benefits			
1			which would be			
•			delivered through the			
•			Project. The 'Need for			Beletada (Dan 7.4)
•			the Project' sets out how the identification,			Deleted: (Doc 7.1)
•			selection and design			
•			process has			
•			responded to the			
•			Scheme, Objectives			Deleted: Project
•			and how a			pereceat i roject
•			collaborative			

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Dele
·		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Dele
			engagement process has been used to inform the proposed Project. The Project is predicted to result in a significant reduction in traffic flow at the Dartford Crossing, which will also lead to an improvement in air quality at that location.			
			As well as the objectives above, the Project is being developed in line with the National Policy Statement for National Networks, which sets out government policies for Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects for England.			Dele
Scheme, Objectives	2.1.2	Objectives conflate	The Project is	Need for the Project	Matter Not Agreed	Dele
	RRE	different aims: The Project was originally "sold" as being about improvements at Dartford but discussion has morphed into being	expected to deliver a range of benefits including congestion relief at the Dartford Crossing. The	[APP-494] Combined Modelling Appraisal Report		

Deleted: (NSIPs)

Deleted: Project

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application Document Reference	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		about economic improvement. The immediate area around the crossing in the south however receives no benefits only deteriorations.	improved connectivity across the River Thames and reduced journey times would help local businesses to boost productivity, supportin g sustainable local development and regional economic growth. For more information about the Scheme Objectives and economic benefits, see the Need for the Project; the Combined Modelling Appraisal Report Appendix D: Economic Appraisal Package; the Environmental Statement (ES); and the Planning Statement,	Appendix D: Economic Appraisal Package [APP-524 to APP-527] Planning Statement [APP-495],	
Cost of the Project	2.1.3 RRE	Question whether the Project is affordable and represents value for money: Estimated costs have so far increased by 50% to over £8billion and	The Appraisal Summary Table within the Economic Appraisal Package (EAP) in Appendix D of the Combined	Appendix D of the Combined Modelling Appraisal Report [APP-524],	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: Need for the Project (Application Document 7.1) ¶

Economic Appraisal Package (EAP), Appendix D of the Combined Modelling Appraisal Report (Application Document 7.7) ¶

Environmental Statement (ES) (Application Documents 6.1, 6.2 and 6.3), ¶

Planning Statement Application Document 7.2)

Deleted: Project objectives

Deleted: (Application Document 7.1) and the Economic Appraisal Package (EAP), which is Appendix D of

Deleted: (Application Document 7.7),

Deleted: (Application Document 7.7),

Deleted: (Application Document 7.7)

Deleted: within

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
·		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
		no doubt still rising, while also omitting other required enabling costs such as improvements to the A229 and its junctions with the M2 and M20. There will also be other consequential costs either not presently included or identified post opening, these should all be considered in the financial evaluation.	Modelling Appraisal Report summarises the Project's cost and benefits, while the Economic Appraisal Report provides more information about the appraisal methods and results.			Deleted: (Application Document 7.7)
Scheme, Objectives	2.1.4	Project will not deliver adequate improvement at Dartford, especially for the projected cost: Another bridge is anyway needed at the Dartford Crossing, possibly together with the "A14" long tunnel option bypassing Dartford.	Since the Preferred Route Announcement in 2017, the Applicant has reappraised its routeing decisions and considerations of alternatives. This work continues to conclude that the preferred route was the most sensible location. The Need for the Project sets out how the identification, selection and design process has	The Need for the Project [APP-494]	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: Project Deleted: The Need for the Project (Application Document 7.1) Deleted: National Highways have re-appraised routing Deleted: ' Deleted: ' Deleted: Project' (Doc 7.1)
			responded to the Scheme, Objectives			Deleted: Project

Comment Response, Document Reference and how a collaborative engagement process has been used to inform the proposed Project. The Need for the Project sets out how the identification, selection and design process has not been discussed so far. Apart from one Figure in the very first consultation, which showed only a "least worst" scenario, there has not been any discussion about how the Project could and will provide resilience to the Dartford Crossing, especially without gridlocking the whole of north-west Kent in the process. All possible scenarios need to be considered, modelled and published. How resilience will be provided is extremely unclear, enabling works Comments of the Project could and will provide resilience to the Dartford Crossing for local and strategic traffic.	Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
Scheme, Objectives 2.1.5 Improving resilience of the Thames Crossings is a major objective but has not been discussed so far: Apart from one Figure in the very first consultation, which showed only a "least worst" scenario, there has not been any discussion about how the Project could and will provide resilience to the Dartford Crossing, especially without gridlocking the whole of north-west Kent in the process. All possible scenarios need to be considered, modelled and published. How resilience will be provided is extremely unclear, enabling works Comments on WRs Project (and beign process has been used to inform the proposed Project. The document also provides in the Lower Inhames Crossing as an alternative route. In the Dartford Crossing for local and enabling the provide an alternative route. In the Dartford Crossing for local and enabling the process has been used to inform the proposed Project. The document also provides in alternative route. The Project would provide an alternative route and the Dartford Crossing for local and enabling works.			comment	Response,	Document Reference	
Thames Crossings is a major objective but has not been discussed so far: Apart from one Figure in the very first consultation, which showed only a "least worst" scenario, there has not been any discussion about how the Project could and will provide resilience to the Dartford Crossing, especially without gridlocking the whole of north-west Kent in the process. All possible scenarios need to be considered, modelled and published. How resilience will be provided is extremely unclear, enabling works Thames Crossings is a major objective but has not been discussed so far: Apart from one Figure in the identification, selection and design process has responded to the Scheme, Objectives and how a collaborative engagement process has been used to inform the proposed Project. The document also provides further details on the Lower Thames Crossing as an alternative route. The Project would provide an alternative route to the Dartford Crossing for local and strategic traffic.				collaborative engagement process has been used to inform the		
major objective but has not been discussed so far: Apart from one Figure in the very first consultation, which showed only a "least worst" scenario, there has not been any discussion about how the Project could and will provide resilience to the Dartford Crossing, especially without gridlocking the whole of north-west Kent in the process. All possible scenarios need to be considered, modelled and published. How resilience will be provided is extremely unclear, enabling works major objective but has not been discussed so far: Apart from one Figure in the identification, selection and design process has responded to the Scheme, Objectives and how a collaborative engagement process has been used to inform the proposed Project. The document also provides further details on the Lower Thames Crossing as an alternative route: The Project would provide an alternative route to the Dartford Crossing for local and extrategic traffic.	Scheme, Objectives	2.1.5	Improving resilience of the	The Need for the	The Need for the	Matter Not Agreed
would be needed especially for the south- north direction (e.g., at M25 J2 northbound to A2			Thames Crossings is a major objective but has not been discussed so far: Apart from one Figure in the very first consultation, which showed only a "least worst" scenario, there has not been any discussion about how the Project could and will provide resilience to the Dartford Crossing, especially without gridlocking the whole of north-west Kent in the process. All possible scenarios need to be considered, modelled and published. How resilience will be provided is extremely unclear, enabling works would be needed especially for the southnorth direction (e.g., at	Project sets out how the identification, selection and design process has responded to the Scheme Objectives and how a collaborative engagement process has been used to inform the proposed Project. The document also provides further details on the Lower Thames Crossing as an alternative route: The Project would provide an alternative route to the Dartford Crossing for local and strategic traffic wishing to cross the river east of London.	Project [APP-494] Comments on WRs Appenfix G – Parish Council, Organisations and Groups [REP2-	

Deleted: Project

Deleted: 'Deleted: Project' (Doc 7.1)

Deleted: Project

Deleted:

Deleted: The Need for the Project (Application Document 7.1)

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		eastbound which needs to	people more choice		
		be free-flowing, and	when deciding how		
		others) but are not	they want to cross the		
		included in the Project.	river east of London		
			but would also		
		SPC Update 31/8/23: Prior	provide an alternative		
		to the addition shown we	in the case of major		
		commented that "The	incidents or closures		
		answer does not provide	at the other River		
		any more information	Thames crossings.'		
		about the practical	As with the wider		
		implementation or	strategic road		
		operational function of the	network, the Project		
		Resilience Objective."	will be patrolled by		
		The response has been	Traffic Officers and		
		expanded but is still not	managed through the		
		covering the aspect of	Regional Operations		
		what routes diverting traffic	Centre (ROC) at		
		will take to reach the A122	Godstone in Surrey.		
		from the southern M25	In the event of an		
		when notified that there is	incident occurring on		
		a problem at or in reaching	the strategic road		
		the Dartford Crossing.	network the ROC will		
		Gantry signs may tell	liaise with the various		
		drivers to use the	emergency services,		
		A122 instead.	Traffic Officers, the		
		This was covered better in	Applicant's network		
		the Applicant's response to	maintainers and other		
		TCAG on page 156-157 of	network authorities		
		REP2-052, as then	including Transport		
		discussed on pages 12-14	for London to ensure		
		in our response	that any delays are		

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	 Deleted: number
1		comment	Response	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
		submission at Examination Deadline 3.	kept to a minimum and that incidents are cleared within the Applicant's response times. In addition, Variable Message Signs will advise motorists of traffic conditions so that that they can adjust their journeys to suit. The Project is predicted to result in a significant reduction in traffic flow at the Dartford Crossing, which will also lead to an improvement in air quality at that location.			
Scheme Objectives	2.1.6	Project needs reality checks: The Project	The 'Need for the Project' sets out how	The Need for the Project [APP-494]	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: (Poc 7.1)
		seems to have has developed a life of its own without being sufficiently connected to the reality of	the identification, selection and design process has responded to the			Deleted: The Need for the Project (Application Document 7.1)
		existing and predicted traffic levels in north-west Kent, which the Project will worsen, or the actual problems that need a solution.	Scheme, Objectives and how a collaborative engagement process has been used to inform the Project,			Deleted: Project Deleted: proposed Project

11

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
		Need to consider what success will look like, and the opposite, which outcomes are the Project delivering				
Route selection, me	odal alternatives 8	& assessment of reasonable a	alternatives			
Route Selection	2.1.7 RRE	The sequential approach discarded potentially better options from proper	Since the Preferred Route Announcement in 2017, the Applicant	The Need for the Project [APP-494]	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: The Need for the Project (Application Document 7.1)
	KKL	reconsideration: Options "D" and "E" were discarded early on but principally	has reappraised its routeing decisions and considerations of			Deleted: National Highways have re-appraised routing
		over the cost and difficulty of a bridge structure. Once a "tunnel only" solution had been decided, all the options should have been reconsidered in that format, also including	alternatives. This work continues to conclude that the preferred route was the most sensible location. The 'Need for the			
		include a hybrid between options D and E connected to M2 J5 (currently being massively reconfigured).	Project' sets out how the identification, selection and design process has responded to the Project's Objectives and how a collaborative engagement process has been used to inform the Project.			Deleted: (Doc 7.1) Deleted: proposed project.

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
Route Selection	2.1.8 RRE	An up-to-date reappraisal should be published with the DCO: There needs to be assurance that "Option C" remains the best and best value, most viable route.	Since the Preferred Route Announcement in 2017, the Applicant has reappraised its routeing decisions and considerations of alternatives. This work continues to conclude that the preferred route was the most sensible location. The 'Need for the Project' sets out how the identification, selection and design process has responded to the Scheme Objectives and how a collaborative engagement process has been used to inform the Project.	Need for the Project [APP-494] The state of the Project of the	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: The Need for the Project (Application Document 7.1) Deleted: National Highways have re-appraised routing Deleted: (Doc 7.1) Deleted: the proposed Project.
Route Selection	2.1.9 RRE	Crossings implementation should have started furthest east: If the objectives are reviewed looking at which the Project can and can't deliver, it becomes obvious	The Scheme, objectives were agreed through extensive discussions with the Department for Transport (DfT) and outline what the	Need for the Project [APP-494],	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: Project Deleted: The Need for the Project (Application Document 7.1)

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

that there is little point (and Project should

Торіс	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Delete	d: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Delete	ed: National Highways comment
		there is economic	achieve. The 'Need				
		disbenefit) to bringing	for the Project', sets			Delete	ed: (Doc 7.1)
		strategic traffic past the	out how the				
		Medway Towns via the M2	identification,				
		when it could have crossed	selection and design				
		the Thames much further	process has				15
		east. The <u>Scheme</u> , objectives refer to	responded to the Scheme, Objectives				ed: Project
		sustainable development.	and how a			Delete	ed: Project
		sustainable development.	collaborative				
			engagement process				
			has been used to				
			inform the Project.			Delete	ed: proposed project
Consultation and en	gagament						
Jonsultation and en				T	1		
Adequacy of	2.1.10	Too many Consultations:	The five consultations	Consultation Report	Matter Not Agreed		
<u>Consultation</u>		There have been six	that have taken place	[APP-064 to APP-090],		Delete	d: Consultation Report (Application Document 5.
	RRE	Consultations since 2017,	since 2017 have been				
lumber of		it has been very difficult to read all the documents and	beneficial to ensure				
Consultations		respond.	the public and stakeholders have				
			had opportunities to				
		Often information provided, and therefore comments	provide feedback on				
		that had to be made were	what is a large and				
		very similar, other times	complex project as it				
		there were very large	has developed over			Delete	ed: been
		differences.	time. Development of				
		Changes were not	a project of this scale				
		highlighted so every word	is an iterative				
		had to be read again to	process. As the				
	1	detect differences.	design develops and				

is taken to

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			consultation,			
			feedback leads to a			
			need to modify the			
			proposals, and some			
			of these modifications			
			require further			
			consultation. It is			
			normal for a project of			
			this size to hold a			
			series of			
			consultations,			Deleted: rounds of consultation.
			As the Applicant,			Deleted: National Highways
			developed each			
			consultation, careful			
			checks were			
			undertaken to make			
			sure that the changes			
			from the previously			
			consulted proposals			
			were highlighted, but			
			also that the full			
			nature of the			
			proposals following			
			the changes			
			remained clear.			
			The Applicant,			Deleted: National Highways
			undertook the			
			Community Impacts			
			Consultation to			
			directly address			

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		
			concerns raised by local authorities, including Gravesham Borough Council, that further consultation was required prior to submission of the DCO application.			
Consultation information Consultation documents	2.1.11	Consultation documents had varied availability and ease of access: Getting hold of the documents was sometimes difficult and they were not easy to access or view. Cross referencing is extremely difficult as is finding references indicated in National Highways responses.	The Applicant has, developed the consultation materials in a way that is designed to help the public access information at the level required. The consultation guides provided an entry point from which, people could read in greater detail in the areas that were of particular concern. The Applicant acknowledges that due to the volume and quality of the consultation responses received, the volume of information provided,	Consultation Report [APP-064 to APP-090],	Matter Not Agreed	

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: National Highways have

Deleted: Consultation Report (Application Document 5.1)

Deleted: ,
Deleted: where
Deleted: then
Deleted: further depth into

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: number

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
Topio	itom <u>ito</u>	comment	Response,	Document Reference	Otatuo	Deleted: National Highways comment
			Said, We Did document, was large. However, it was important to provide responses to all stakeholders. The Applicant worked carefully on the referencing to try and make access into the documentation as straightforward as possible.			Deleted: National Highways
Consultation information Consultation presentation	2.1.12 RRE	Data not updated, representation misleading: Old data was presented again in different formats rather than the later Consultations containing new/updated data. By altering the formats the false impression was given that there was new information hairs.	During the Community Impacts Consultation, data from the withdrawn DCO submission was used to set out the environmental impacts associated with the operation of the project. The	N/A	Matter Not Agreed	
		information being published.	Applicant, applied a simplification to this data to make it more understandable for the public. This was the first time this data had been shared in a public way. The Applicant recognises,			Deleted: National Highways Deleted: National Highways recognise

Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
	comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		that because some stakeholders, including Shorne Parish Council, had received the ES that was prepared as part of the withdrawn DCO submission in 2020, they had already seen this data, however there was no intent to mislead, and the data is considered to be suitably representative of the forecast impacts of the project.		
2.1.13	Publicizing varied greatly, and therefore affected the	At the start of the Statutory Consultation	Consultation Report [APP-064 to APP-090]	Matter Not Agreed
RRE	number and nature of responses elicited, impact of consultation fatigue: The first Consultation was e-mailed to the entire Dart Charge e-mail list, this skewed both quantity and quality of the responses, whether they looked at the full documentation or just believed the headlines. Subsequently the number	the Applicant used the Dart Charge email to notify customers of the Dartford Crossing. One of the objectives of this consultation was to gather information on the need for the Project and impacts on road users, and as one, project objective is to		
	2.1.13	2.1.13 Publicizing varied greatly, and therefore affected the number and nature of responses elicited, impact of consultation fatigue: The first Consultation was e-mailed to the entire Dart Charge e-mail list, this skewed both quantity and quality of the responses, whether they looked at the full documentation or just believed the headlines.	that because some stakeholders, including Shorne Parish Council, had received the ES that was prepared as part of the withdrawn DCO submission in 2020, they had already seen this data, however there was no intent to mislead, and the data is considered to be suitably representative of the forecast impacts of the project. 2.1.13 Publicizing varied greatly, and therefore affected the number and nature of responses elicited, impact of consultation fatigue: The first Consultation was e-mailed to the entire Dart Charge e-mail list, this skewed both quantity and quality of the responses, whether they looked at the full documentation or just believed the headlines. Subsequently the number that because some stakeholders, including Shorne Parish Council, had received the ES that was prepared as part of the withdrawn DCO submission in 2020, they had already seen this data, however there was no intent to mislead, and the data is considered to be suitably representative of the forecast impacts of the Papplicant, used the Dart Charge email to notify customers of the Dartford Crossing. One of the objectives of this consultation was to gather information on the need for the Project and impacts on road users, and as one, project objective is to	that because some stakeholders, including, Shorne Parish Council, had received the ES, that was prepared as part of the withdrawn DCO submission in 2020, they had already seen this data, however there was no intent to mislead, and the data is considered to be suitably representative of the forecast impacts of the project. 2.1.13 Publicizing varied greatly, and therefore affected the number and nature of responses elicited, impact of consultation fatigue: The first Consultation was e-mailed to the entire Dart Charge e-mail list, this skewed both quantity and quality of the responses, whether they looked at the full documentation or just believed the headlines. Subsequently the number RRE RE Response that because some stakeholders, including, Shorne Parish Council, had received the ES, that was prepared as part of the withdrawn DCO submission in 2020, they had already seen this data, however there was no intent to mislead, and the data is considered to be suitably representative of the forecast impacts of the Project. At the start of the Statutory Consultation the Applicant used to notify customers of the Dart Charge email to notify customers of the Dartford Crossing. One of the objectives of this consultation was to gather information on the need for the Project and impacts on road users, and as one, project objective is to

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: [

Deleted:]

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Deleted: Consultation Report (Application Document 5.1)

Deleted: National Highways

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	
•		comment	Response	Document Reference		
		very low numbers (only	Dartford Crossing and			
		1206 in July 2021),	approach roads, the			
		although overall quality of	Applicant considered			
		responses may therefore	it appropriate to			
		be higher.	consult the			
			customers. The			
			Applicant then also			
			used this channel for			
			the Community			
			Impacts Consultation			
			in July 2021			
			(responses actually			
			totalled 3,218), again			
			to understand the			
			impacts on			
			customers.			
			At each consultation			
			the Applicant has,			
			reviewed each			
			response on its own			
			merits, to understand			
			the individual			
			concern. While the			
			Dart Charge emails			
			did likely lead to a significant increase in			
			the responses, this			
			did not lead to a			
			reduction in the level			
			of consideration given			
			to a local respondent.			

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: 3218

Deleted: we have

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
Topic Consultation Information	2.1.14 RRE	Shorne Parish Council comment Misleading Consultation information: The first Consultation showed a two lane tunnel, no other structures, a very small A2 junction footprint, narrow emergency access, no side feeder roads etc – these and other aspects were then superseded by very different and greatly expanded proposals. These omissions would have misled responders about the true impact.	The Applicant's Response The Route Consultation in 2016 was for a tunnel with two lanes. This consultation set out a series of route options for consideration and resulted in the Secretary of State selecting the current proposed route in 2017. This consultation was undertaken at a relatively early stage of design, when it was considered that only		Matter Not Agreed
			two lanes would be required to meet the scheme objectives, and all routes were presented on a similar basis (i.e. all routes were represented as two lanes in each direction). Following the selection of the route, the design and traffic modelling were developed further, and it was identified that three lanes were		

-{	Deleted: number
-{	Deleted: National Highways comment
-{	Deleted: consultation on a tunnel with two lanes was our
-{	Deleted: Consultation Report (Application Document 5.1)

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
-		comment	Response	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			required. This was			
			reflected in the			
			proposals set out in			
			the Statutory			
			Consultation in 2018,			
			and in consultations			
			after that. Prior to the			
			Statutory Consultation			
			in 2018, a review was			
			undertaken to			
			consider the changes			
			that had been made			
			to the project,			
			including the changes			
			both to the connection			
			between the Project			
			and the A2, and the			
			increase from two to			
			three lanes. This			
			review found that the			
			increased scale of the			
			project_(noting that			Deleted: ,
			similar modifications			
			would have been			
			needed, at other			Deleted: need
			locations), would not			Deleted: ,
			have led to the			
			Secretary of State			
			making a different			
			decision in 2017.			
Responses	2.1.15	Not all concerns raised are	Due to the volume of	Consultation Report	Matter Not Agreed	
		addressed or given a	consultation	[APP-064 to APP-090]		Deleted: Consultation Report (Application Document 5.1)

21

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response	Document Reference	
Consultation Responses		public response: Some concerns that have been raised by many responders are not addressed or receiving a response. Response documents discuss the most frequently raised concerns but there could be important points raised by only one person, these should be included rather than being edited out and hidden/ignored. Responses in response documents are often repetitive pasting and not truly answering the point raised, they can come over as dismissive of valid concerns.	responses (28,493) provided, at Statutory Consultation, it was not practical to provide a response to each individual response. Instead a process of coding the responses to provide a single response to multiple issues was undertaken. This approach is set out in the Consultation Report, and an earlier version of the report was provided to Shorne Borough Council for consideration. This process informed the preparation of the You Said, We Did document, as well as the consultation report. This approach is commonly used for projects of this scale, and aligns with guidance.		
Consultation information	2.1.16	"Ward summary" presentation disguised	The decision to use ward boundaries to	Consultation Report [APP-064 to APP-090]	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: ,(28,493)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
		disbenefits: Some data	present the Project's			
Ward summary"		was presented in Ward	impacts was			
presentation		Summaries, this had some	discussed with local			
		benefits but also	authorities before			
		disbenefits for the largest	consultation and the			
		Ward south of the river	Applicant, considered			Deleted: National Highways
		Thames (Shorne, Cobham	feedback on the			
		and Luddesdown) because	approach and the			
		it is so large, stretching	ward selection at that			
		from the middle of the	time.			
		Thames to the	While drafting the			
		southernmost parts of	ward summary			
		Gravesham, and the	chapters, <u>the</u>			
		impacts vary greatly within	Applicant accounted			Deleted: National Highways
		its area, being greater north of the A2 than to its	for the fact that some			
		south.	wards were larger			
			than others and that			
		For future publications the	some were more			
		ward should be split along	heavily impacted than			(
		the A2 into north and south	others. The Applicant,			Deleted: National Highways
		sections.	tailored the information in each			
		SPC note July 2022 – The	ward to the size and			 Deleted: [
		warding arrangements				
		were changed in the recent	level of impacts, and some wards with			
		Electoral Boundary	fewer or similar			
		Review, Shorne is now	impacts were			
		combined into a Ward with	presented together in			
		Higham. So future	a joint chapter. Larger			
		publications should	and more heavily			
		consider Shorne and	in a note of words			

impacted wards were presented with one

Higham separately.

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number	er
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: Nation	al Highways comment
			ward per chapter.				
			Shorne, Cobham and				
			Luddesdown ward				
			was one of the largest				
			wards featured in the				
			document and the				
			Applicant, provided			Deleted: Nation	al Highways
			more information in its				
			chapter, ensuring that				
			the content was				
			proportionate to the				
			impacts. For example,				
			the Shorne, Cobham				
			and Luddesdown				
			chapter was 94 pages				
			long, with more				
			information about the				
			northern section of				
			the ward that would				
			be most affected by				
			the project. Nearby				
			Higham ward was				
			covered in 58 pages				
			because it covers a				
			smaller area and				
			would be impacted by				
			the project to a lesser				
			extent,			Deleted: than o	ther wards
			Overall, the Applicant				
			believes its Ward			Deleted: we con	nsider our
			Impact Summaries			25.55241 110 001	
			document has,			Deleted: to have	3
	1	ı	accumont <u>nad</u>	l	1	2 5 5 5 5 6 1 day	=

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
ТОРІС	item <u>ivo.</u>	comment	Response,	Document Reference	Status	Deleted: National Highways comment
			provided consultees with a proportionate amount of information about the areas that would be affected by the construction and operation of the Project.			
Consultation	2.1.17	Withheld or "Confidential"	The Applicant has,	N/A	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: National Highways have
Information Provision	RRE	information provision: Not all information that we needed/requested was provided to the Parish Council, this is very frustrating and still ongoing. Updated traffic data in particular has been provided to Gravesham Borough Council and Kent County Council under a Confidentiality agreement but not to the Parish Council. National Highways say that	provided detailed information to Shorne Parish Council. To supplement the information provided during the public consultations, the Applicant has provided the withdrawn DCO application documents, which included full documentation of the traffic model. The			Deleted: National Highways have
		Gravesham Borough	Applicant takes a			Deleted: National Highways
		Council can provide it to us but GBC consider that they cannot.	proportionate approach to the sharing of information, and has worked with			Deleted: ,
			Jocal planning			 Deleted: the
			authorities and highways authorities			

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			to make sure these, have access to the latest data sets. Nevertheless, the data provided to Shorne Parish Council is considered to be representative for the purposes of understanding the impacts, both adverse and beneficial, of the Project.		
Consultation	2.1.18	Decision making	The Applicant works,	N/A	Matter Not Agreed
Route Design changes	RRE	processes are opaque: Aspects of the proposals change without us being able to understand why, this is sometimes connected to Statutory bodies such as Natural England, Areas of Outstanding National Beauty (ANOB) — "stakeholders" who do not consult or communicate with residents and Parish Councils but influence the plans from afar without having or seeking any local knowledge. National Highways give these non-	hard to balance the concerns of all stakeholders in making decisions relating to the Project. The framework for consideration is set out in the National Policy Statement for National Networks (DfT, 2014), which sets out how certain aspects, such as impacts on AONB, impacts on Green Belt, and environmental impacts such as noise		

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: they

Deleted: National Highways work

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		representative organisations too great a weight.	and air pollution, should be considered. This needs to be factored into the decision making, and at times leads to certain statutory bodies which are tasked with protecting specific designations or assets, being given additional weight.		
Collaboration Collaboration of the Project with Local Authorities	2.1.19	Too much working is isolation by Local Authorities: The different local authorities have different responsibilities but their inputs into planning also overlap. While it is good if several responses say the same thing independently of each other, given the enormous size and consequences of the project it would be better if there was a requirement and facilitation to collaborate between local authorities working together and including SPC.	The Applicant, cannot determine how local authorities choose to work. The Applicant has set up a number of joint sessions with the local authorities but cannot influence how they work together. Following discussions during Issue Specific Hearing 1, it was requested that the Applicant provide a document describing the criteria used to determine how requests for local traffic modelling	Localised Traffic Modelling and Appendix A [REP1- 187] V	Matter Not Agreed,

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: Under Discussion

Deleted: N/A

Deleted: , who

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways have

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		SPC update: This point originally related to matters prior to the DCO however the problems are continuing along with ongoing local modelling. It is true that NH can't influence collaborative working positively but this is not taking place in a free environment but one that has been constrained by NH. NH have influenced collaboration negatively through having secrecy agreements over data provision. We continue to object to this approach by/attitude from NH. As data inputs from traffic surveys are factual, observational matters we see no reason why they should be kept secret. The same applies to the "Cordons" from LTAM that have been supplied to	would be considered. The Applicant submitted this document, which is called Localised Traffic Modelling, at Deadline 1.		
		various local authorities.			
Documents & Information	2.1.20	In 2017 SPC requested an additional information	In response to this request, the Applicant	N/A	Matter Agreed

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
Information event request		event to be held in Shorne West/Riverview.	held an additional event for Riverview residents.		
Land and Compulsory a	acquisition				
Impacts Extent of order limits	2.1.21 RRE	Enormous land take: After expansion of the order limits and compensation/mitigation land needed, Shorne has about one third of its total area affected.	Throughout the development of the Project, land use has been revised as the proposals have been progressed. Between Statutory Consultation in 2018 and Supplementary Consultation in March 2020, the Order Limits increased,	Land Plans [REP1-006, REP1-009, REP1-011] Statement of Reasons [REP1-041] Need for the Project [APP-494],	Matter Under Discussion
			largely due to additional land needed to divert utilities and the development of the proposals to establish natural habitat areas, including the planting of trees and vegetation. Following Supplementary Consultation, work continued with stakeholders,		

Deleted: Land Plans (Application Document 2.2) ¶
¶
Statement of Reasons (Application Document 4.1) ¶
¶
Need for the Project, Application Document 7.1)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
•		comment	Response	Document Reference	
			including utility		
			companies, to refine		
			the proposals and		
			minimise the land		
			needed. Consultation		
			took place on the		
			revised Order Limits		
			(22.9km2 across the		
			whole project) during		
			Design Refinement		
			Consultation in July		
			2020. This reduced		
			the amount of land		
			needed for the Project		
			from that proposed at		
			Supplementary		
			Consultation (26km2),		
			while remaining		
			above what was		
			proposed at Statutory		
			Consultation (21km2).		
			At Community		
			Impacts Consultation		
			in July 2021 the order		
			limits were reduced		
			further to 22.2km2. At		
			Local Refinement		
			Consultation (May		
			2022) following		
			engagement with		
			stakeholders and		
			refinements to the		
			utility design, the		

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
•		comment	Response	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			order limits were			
			further refined in			
			certain areas and			
			increased to			Deleted: the order limits
			24.35km2.			
			Land was added to			
			include four habitat			
			compensation areas			
			including Shorne			
			Woods. These sites			
			are proposed to			
			compensate for the			
			potential effects from			
			nitrogen caused by			
			the forecast changes			
			in traffic as a result of			
			the Lower Thames			
			Crossing.			
			The land required for			
			the Project is shown			
			on the Land Plans			
			and the reason each			 Deleted: (Application Document 2.2)
			plot is required is			
			explained in the			
			Statement of			
			Reasons, Reducing			Deleted: (Application Document 4.1).
			the impacts of the			
			Project on the			
			environment is one of			
			the Project			
			requirements (see the			
			Need for the Project)			Deleted: , Application Document 7.1).

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
Торго	110111 <u>1131</u>	comment	Response	Document Reference	
			At every step of the Project's lifecycle, consideration has been given and efforts have been made to reduce the environmental impacts, while still fulfilling the needs of the Project. The Applicant, has followed the		
			mitigation hierarchy of 'avoid, minimise, restore and compensate' to protect the environment in which it would be situated and in keeping with industry best practice.		
Planning and Policy Green Belt impact	2.1.22	The land that the crossing will take is Green Belt, what is supposed to be a strategic gap between built up areas and providing them with green recreational space and clean air. There should be a specific discussion about impact on Green Belt Land (as well as Ancient	Further information is provided in the Green Belt Report, Appendix E of the planning statement.	Planning Statement Green Belt Report Appendix E [APP-500]	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: National Highways

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
		Woodland, SSSI's, Special Protection Areas, Ramsar Site etc).			
Land acquisition Order limits selection methods	2.1.23	Opacity of inclusion and exclusion of land from order limits: The method by which land is included/excluded is opaque and seems to have involved some negotiations which may not be in the interest of all local residents. E.g. if one piece of land is negotiated out, another person's land may be taken, even if much more remotely from the Project. Effect of taking land that speculators would like to develop, sends problems elsewhere.	For any land within the Order Limits, the Applicant, must be able to demonstrate its need, or function, and also evidence compliance with statute and policy guidance. Planning Act 2008 compulsory purchase, guidance (Department of Communities and Local Government, 2013) states: "Section 122 of the Planning Act provides that a development consent order may only authorise compulsory acquisition if the Secretary of State is satisfied that: the land is required for the development to which the consent	N/A	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: PA2008 CPO

Deleted: ;

Deleted: ;

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status		Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference			Deleted: National Highways comment
			relates, or is required				
			to facilitate, or is				
			incidental to, the				
			development,				
			andthere is a				Deleted: ,
			compelling case in				
			the public interest for				
			the compulsory				
			acquisition.				
			Applicants must				
			Applicants must therefore be prepared				
			to justify their				
			proposals for the				
			compulsory				
			acquisition of any				
			land to the				
			satisfaction of the				
			Secretary of State."				
			Jt goes on to say:			_	Deleted: "
			"The applicant should				
			be able to				Deleted: ;
			demonstrate to the				
			satisfaction of the				
			Secretary of State				
			that all reasonable				
			alternatives to				
			compulsory				
			i iii /i l li				

acquisition (including modifications to the scheme) have been explored. The

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
•		comment	Response	Document Reference	
			applicant will also need to demonstrate that the proposed interference with the rights of those with an interest in the land is for a legitimate purpose, and that it is necessary and proportionate."		
Viability Loss of agricultural land	2.1.24	Severance of land and farm viability, loss of productive farmland: Some proposals have rendered farms non-viable or taken the centre rather than the edge. Loss of productive farmland threatens food security and increase food miles.	Agricultural land impacts are provided in <u>ES</u> Chapter 10: <u>Geology</u> and Soils, which will be informed by information contained within Appendix 10.4 (Agricultural Land Classification),	ES, Chapter 10: Geology and Soils [APP-148]. Appendix 10.4: Agricultural Land Classification Factual Report [APP-425].	Matter Under Discussion
Design - Road, Tunnels	, Utilities				
Green bridges, width and nature	2.1.25	Width can always be greater, using a lot more cut and cover, this would increase protection of nearby residents from noise, light and air pollution.	The green bridge carrying Thong Lane over the Project was widened as part of design revisions presented during supplementary consultation.	Appendix B of Design Principles [APP-516]	Matter Under Discussion
			As at Local Refinement		

Deleted: "

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Deleted: (

Deleted:)

Deleted: (

Deleted:)

Deleted: (Agricultural Land Classification) ¶

Deleted: Design Principles document (Volume 7, Application Document 7.5, Appendix B Project Enhanced Structures – Bridge Diagram). ¶

Deleted:) of the Environmental Statement.

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status		Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference			Deleted: National Highways comment
		Discrepant plan for Thong	Consultation in 2022,				
		Lane green bridge not yet	the Applicant, widened				Deleted: National Highways have
		corrected.	the replacement				
		Question likelihood of	green bridge at Thong				
		anything being able to	Lane over the M2/A2				
		grow in the fumes from 18	by a further 10				
		lanes of tarmac.	metres.				
			The design of these				
			green bridges has				
			been informed by the				
			practicalities of				
			constructing				
			replacement structures over the				
			A2, while, needing to			_	Deleted: whilst
			avoid the total closure				Deleted Willot
			of the A2 during this				
			process, as its				
			closure was deemed				Deleted: of the A2
			to be too impactful to				
			the wider road				
			network. This balance				
			between level of				
			'greening' and				
			keeping the A2 open				
			during construction is				
			something that the Applicant discussed				Deleted: we have
			during design				
			workshops with				Deleted: our
			Gravesham Borough				
			Council and Kent				

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			County Council. The			
			Applicant has,			Deleted: National Highways have
			therefore sought to			
			provide as much			
			planting as possible			
			on the green bridges			
			that span the A2			
			corridor without			
			requiring closure of			
			the strategic road			
			network in this			
			location or impacting			
			on third _party green			
			bridges that span the			
			gap between the A2			
			and HS1 railway,			
			which the new A2			
			green bridges need to			
			tie-in to, thereby			
			providing connectivity			
			across the whole A2-			
			HS1 corridor. Further			
			information is			
			contained within the			
			Design Principles			
			document (Appendix			Deleted: Volume 7, Application Document 7.5,
			B Project Enhanced			
			Structures – Bridges)			Deleted: Bridge Diagram).
			Regarding Thong			
			Lane north green			
			bridge, the Applicant			
			acknowledges that it			Deleted: National Highways acknowledge

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response.	Application Document Reference	Status
		Comment	was shown incorrectly as a straight line (instead of curved) at Community Impacts Consultation. This, has been corrected in the latest consultation material.	Document reference	
Infrastructure/Landsca pe Integration Loss of A2 wooded central reservation	2.1.26	Unhappy about the highly wooded central reservation being lost, it softens the appearance and masks noise.	Options were explored to either, retain or reinstate, the central reservation. However, both options would have resulted in the further widening of the A2/M2 corridor and encroach further into the adjacent ancient woodland and SSSI areas. It was felt better to keep the A2/M2 corridor as narrow as possible to reduce impact on the existing woodland.	N/A	Matter Not Agreed
Infrastructure/Landsca pe Integration Landscaping for local benefit	2.1.27	Landscaping should be focused on and primarily to benefit local residents before any beautification to improve user experience.	The Applicant's aim is to provide a balance of suitable mitigation against the existing heritage and	Project Design Report Part D: General Design South of the River [APP-509] and Part E: Design for	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: and
Deleted: since

Deleted: the central reservation,

Deleted: to re-instate

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: The

Deleted: number

Deleted: (Application Document 7.4,

opic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			character of the local	Walkers, Cyclists and		
			area. For example,	Horse Riders		
			Thong Village	[APP-512],		Deleted:)
			conservation area is			
			described as having			
			open views out to the			
			countryside, so where			
			possible these have			
			been retained.			Deleted: ,
			woodland planting			
			has been provided to			
			the south-west of			
			Thong Village to			
			provide visual			
			screening of the			
			junction and its			
			associated			
			infrastructure. To the			
			west the Project is in			Deleted: ,
			a cutting, so where			
			possible, open views			
			are retained. A			
			walking, cycling and			
			horse-riding strategy			
			has been woven into			
			the landscape design			
			to ensure a variety of			
			routes in this area,			
			connecting			
			Gravesend with the			
			wider countryside and			
			the country parks.			

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			The Project Design Report sets out how the preliminary design was developed in Part D: General Design South of the River and Part E: Design for Walkers, Cyclists and Horse Riders		
Design Removal of access from northern feeder road to M2 eastbound	2.1.28	Removal of access from northern feeder road to M2 eastbound, should be restored: This was in earliest plans then removed without prior discussion. Claims of lack of safety are not accepted as valid, it should be reinstated. Removal means a long diversion for some directions of traffic via routes that will be choked/jammed at peak hours. There will be an increase in rat running through Shorne by traffic previously turning onto the A2/M2 at Brewers Road.	A direct link is not provided to the A2/A289 however a new two-way local link road is provided to cater for this movement. A direct link to the M2 eastbound is provided.	N/A	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: - Application Document No.: 7.4,

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
Design	2.1.29	All directions of travel are being made more difficult	The Applicant has, looked at the junction	Supplementary Walking, Cycling and	Matter Not Agreed
Increased journey times		and journeys will be longer, traffic light facilitation is needed: From Shorne and Gravesend East it will be exceedingly difficult to make many journeys (including accessing stations, supermarkets and shopping centres): To reach A2 westbound requires negotiating	configuration and has, provided more direct connectivity between Gravesend and the M2 eastbound; and has, redesigned the Gravesend East junction and link roads to improve journey times and reduce the impact on the local roads.	Horse Riding (WCH) Maps (Volume A) [REP02-072] Design Principles [APP-516],	
		several traffic light- controlled roundabouts.	The Applicant would		
		To reach M2 eastbound requires long diversion of extra 2km on A289 northbound then U-turn at Higham, already a busy and jam prone route, this needs traffic light facilitation.	like to clarify that the A2 corridor and local road network has been designed to current standards and traffic modelling undertaken to assess its impact on traffic		
		An alternative route via northbound from Shorne village requires a hazardous right turn at a busy and fast crossroads on the A226, this needs traffic light facilitation.	flows. This has shown that the layout and capacity of referenced junctions are suitable for the predicted traffic flows. In addition, a review of the pedestrian		

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: National Highways have

Deleted: have

Deleted: &

Deleted: N/A

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response	Document Reference	
		Traffic from Gravesend	crossings has been		
		East cannot access the	undertaken and		
		A2/A289, only the M2, this	controlled crossings		
		will also lead to traffic	are to be provided		
		travelling further and for	where required.		
		longer. The design there	The proposed		
		should also be revisited as	location of crossings		
		an extra link could be	South of the River are		
		provided.	presented in the		
		Difficulty exiting Thong	Supplementary		
		Lane onto the southern	Walking, Cycling and		
		two-way link road when	Horse Riding (WCH)		
		wanting to travel west on	Maps (Volume A).		
		the A2 as need to turn right	The principles that		
		across the dominant traffic	would be considered		
		flow, may need traffic lights	in further design of		
		or yet another roundabout.	WCH routes is		
		Increased journey times for	described in Section		
		local residents cause	4.2 of the the Design		
		increased personal costs.	Principles.		
		SPC Update 31/8/23: Our			
		opinion has not changed.			
		The discussion here is			
		about drivers not WCH.			
		The design may well be to			
		"current standards" but that			
		doesn't mean that it is a			
		good and functional			
		design, Junction modelling			
		data shows that the			

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		Brewers Road off-slip is poorly functioning and that traffic is likely to back up onto the northern feeder road as we had said previously. We also disagree with NH's opinion stated in their ISH 1 response (our points have been misinterpreted) in REP1-183, B.3.6 page 57 that only 5 trips per hour might U-turn at the A226:A289 junction. This has been explored further on page 14 in our REP3-TBA response. In our view traffic lights are needed at the T-junction at the southern end of Thong Lane.			
Design Reduction of M2 to two lanes eastbound through Gravesend East	2.1.30 RRE	The width of the M2 line has been reduced from current four lanes to only two through Gravesend East, SPC do not believe this will be adequate.	This section will still provide the capacity for the forecast traffic flows for two lanes (Transport Assessment). Appendix C of the Combined Modelling and Appraisal Report Appendix C; Transport Forecasting	Transport Assessment [APP-529] Combined Modelling and Appraisal Report Appendix C: Transport Forecasting Package [APP-522 and APP-523],	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: Transport Assessment (Application Document 7.9)¶

Appendix C of the Combined Modelling and Appraisal Report (ComMA) (Application Document 7.7)

Deleted: 7.9) The

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			Package, will have some of the flow numbers (including at the M2/A2/A122 Lower Thames Crossing junction).		
Sight lines exiting Shorne Ifield Road to Thong Lane	2.1.31	Sight lines exiting Shorne Ifield Road to Thong Lane need improving: The Project works are altering the road layout so that Shorne Ifield Road emerges on the inside of a blind bend with inadequate visibility, this needs to be corrected by revising the alignment of Thong Lane.	The Applicant has, clarified that the realignment of Thong Lane has been designed to current standards and the required visibility at this junction is provided in both north and south directions.	N/A	Matter Not Agreed
Safety Lack of hard shoulders	2.1.32	Raised many times, whether classified as Smart Motorway (as originally), Expressway or whatever the Project is now being called (All-purpose trunk road?), hard shoulders are needed for safety reasons.	Improving safety is one of the project's objectives. The Lower Thames Crossing would be an all-purpose trunk road, similar to the A13 and other A-roads. It is being designed and built to the highest safety standards recommended, but the Applicant will continue to adapt its.	Consultation Report [APP-064 to APP-090],	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: our

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			proposals in line with		
			new guidance. The		
			new road's safety		
			features would		
			include vehicle		
			detection, emergency		
			areas, variable		
			mandatory speed		
			limits and lane		
			closure signals in the		
			event of an incident,		
			such as a vehicle		
			breakdown or		
			collision.		
			Control measures		
			across the route,		
			including in the		
			tunnel, would identify		
			vehicles stopping in a		
			live lane and allow for		
			rapid changes of		
			traffic management to		
			avert danger. In the		
			tunnels, recovery		
			services would be		
			provided for any		
			stopped_		
			vehicle. Technology		
			would also help the		
			emergency services		
			to		
			access incidents. This		
			includes signage that		

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			can be changed to			
			alert road users of			
			lane closures, speed			
			restrictions and			
			incidents ahead. If			
			one tunnel is blocked,			
			emergency vehicles			
			could access			
			incidents using the			
			pedestrian cross-			
			passages that			
			connect the two			
			tunnels at regular			
			intervals.			
			Further information is			
			presented in the			
			Consultation Report,			Deleted: (Application Doc 5.1).
Design	2.1.33	Extra structures appear on	At Supplementary	N/A	Matter Not Agreed	
		new plans despite	Consultation the			
Location and nature of		assurances that will not	Project consulted on			
southern tunnel control		happen, questions about	three, potential			Deleted: 3
ouilding, and pumping		the tunnel control building	locations for the			
stations, other		and pumping stations	proposed substation			
structures		remain unanswered.	at the A226, the			Deleted: of which
stractares			preferred location of			
			which was presented			
			at the Design			
			Refinement			
			Consultation. Also At			
			the Design			
			Refinement			

Consultation, the

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			Applicant communicated the proposal to install a compound along Thong Lane for the relocated switchgear equipment. Following feedback, the proposals were combined at the A226 and presented at Community Impacts Consultation. The South Portal Tunnel Services Building and potentially the pumping station will be located within the portal itself.		
Project Design and Mitigation Tunnel Drainage	2.1.34	SPC felt that more information on the method and route for tunnel drainage was required but acknowledge the National Highways comment and now understand that this will be further explained in	Tunnel drainage will be pumped to a treatment and storage facility in the vicinity of the north portal and discharged from a new outfall that would be constructed on the	ES Appendix 14.5: Hydrogeological Risk Assessment [APP-458 and APP-459],	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: Project also

Deleted: tunnel control building,

Deleted: Environmental Statement Hydrogeological Risk Assessment Appendix 14.5

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		
		the Hydrogeological Risk Assessment.	north bank of the River Thames in proximity to the existing Bowaters Sluice. ES Appendix 14.5; Hydrogeological Risk Assessment provides further information.			
Design Design for local weather conditions	2.1.35	Design must be for true local weather conditions (e.g. torrential rain, sea fogs as in Estuarine weather) and for peaks rather than looking at averages measured at distant monitoring stations e.g. rainfall data used was from Heathrow.	The Applicant has designed the Project for the appropriate conditions and has taken extreme weather events into account. More information is provided in ES. Appendix 15.3. Climate Resilience Impacts and Effects. and Appendix 4.2. Major Accidents and Disasters Long List.	ES, Appendix 15.3; Climate Resilience Impacts and Effects [APP-482] and Appendix 4.2; Major Accidents and Disasters Long List [APP-341]	Matter Under Discussion	
Mitigation Protection from rat running on local roads	2.1.36 RRE	Where the proposed layout is likely to result in additional traffic flow and rat running being induced on local residential and unsuitable roads, protective solutions should	The Applicant is proposing to monitor the impacts of the Project on traffic on the local and strategic road networks. If the monitoring identifies	Wider Network Impacts Management and Monitoring Plan [APP-545]	Matter Not Agreed	

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: The

Deleted: provided as Appendix 14.5 of the Environmental Statement ...

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Deleted: -

Deleted: the Environmental Statement

Deleted: -

Deleted: -

Deleted: Project

Deleted: (Application Document 7.2)

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		be integral to/integrated with the Project.	issues or opportunities related to the road network as a result of traffic growth or new third-party developments, then local authorities would be able to use this as evidence to support scheme development and case making through existing funding mechanisms and processes. An updated Wider Network Impacts Management and Monitoring Plan (WNIMMP) is included in the application, providing information about the proposed traffic monitoring.		
Junctions Junction of LTC with A226 (removed)	2.1.37	Objections were raised to the insertion of this junction, which caused widespread shock and strong objections concerning traffic impacts from many sources,	The Applicant, removed the A226 Junction from the design in November, 2017.	N/A	Matter Agreed

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: Nov

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
		including from SPC. The junction was subsequently removed from plans however the principal reason was probably that engineering considerations required the tunnel to be longer and deeper, which made the junction nonviable.				
Tunnels Footbridge on footpath NG7 (removed)	2.1.38	Objections were raised SPC and others to the very high footbridge proposed on footpath NG7, which had very poor ambience (due to crossing a very wide chasm containing the Project) and introduced a suicide risk location. With the elongation of the tunnel (see previous point) it was not needed and was removed.	The Applicant, amended the Tunnel portal design by extending it a further 350m and the footbridge over the tunnel was diverted in January 2020.	N/A	Matter Agreed	Deleted: National Highways
Access Informal parking area near Thong Lane north green bridge (removed)	2.1.39	Objections were raised by SPC and others when this proposal suddenly appeared in the plans in an inappropriate location. It was subsequently	The parking area at Thong Lane has been proposed in consultation with the county park; this area will be created by the	N/A	Matter Agreed	Deleted: is now proposed Deleted: &

Project and then

removed again.

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response.	Application Document Reference	Status
			handed over to be run by a third party.	Podamont Rolorono	
Construction					
Communication and community engagement Construction information	2.1.40	More info needed on liaison with constructors, lighting, working hours, nature of compounds and their access routes: Some information may come later but presently there are concerns over how liaison will occur with the community, nocturnal lighting, noise, what the compounds are for and how they are accessed.	The Applicant, has sought to reduce the Project's impact on the local community during its construction phase. Mitigation measures are included in the Register of Environmental Actions and Commitments, (REAC) within the Code of Construction Practice (CoCP), to minimise the potential effects of dust, noise, and light impacts. Working groups such as the Community Liaison Groups and Traffic Management Forum will be key to ensuring that the community is kept informed of the Project and is therefore prepared for	Register of Environmental Actions and Commitments, within the Code of Construction Practice [REP1-157]. Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction [REP1-174]. ES Chapter 12 Noise and Vibration [APP-150].	Matter Under Discussion

	number
Deleted:	National Highways comment
Dalatad.	Niedian al I Baharana
Deletea:	National Highways
Deleted:	ito
Deleteu.	its
Deleted	(REAC) (App doc 6.3)¶
¶	(NEAC) (App doc 0.3)
Deleted:	(CoCP) (Application Document 6.3, Appendix 2.2)
DC.CCCa.	
	, ,,,,
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Deleted:	CoCP
	CoCP (Application Document 7.14)
Deleted:	

Deleted: forums

Deleted: ensure

Deleted: are

Горіс	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			forthcoming changes			
			and construction			
			activities. As set out			
			in the CoCP, the			
			Applicant will work			Deleted: Code of Construction Practice (Application
			closely with			Document 6.3), National Highways
			stakeholders on the			
			membership of the			
			groups which will			
			include			
			representatives from			
			the local community			
			including Shorne			
			Parish Council.			
			The Outline Traffic			
			Management Plan for			
			Construction			
			(oTMPfC) details how			Deleted: App Document 7.14
			construction traffic will			
			be managed to			
			mitigate effects on the			
			local community.			
			ES, Chapter 12: Noise			 Deleted: Environmental Statement
			and Vibration includes			
			noise and visual			
			assessments from			
			construction activities			
			including working			
			hours from several			
			perspectives (e.g.			
			noise) which has			

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application Document Reference	Status
		Comment		Document Kelefence	
Worker transport Use of staff construction vehicles on residential roads	2.1.41 RRE	Concern about construction staff large vehicles using residential roads: Many roads locally are narrow and not suitable for increased traffic, staff vehicles should also access compounds through routes within the construction boundary rather than by residential roads. The concern arises that staff vehicles are larger and heavier than what residents would regard as standard private cars.	informed mitigation measures. Details of potential haul routes were supplied at Supplementary Consultation in January 2020. The Applicant is, committed to a Traffic Management Plan for Construction (TMP) in the draft Development Consent Order (DCO), which would be developed post DCO consent by the Contractor, in line with the controls in the oTMPfC, and the approved CoCP. ES Chapter 12: Noise and Vibration presents a full assessment of noise and vibration.	Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction [REP1-174] Draft Development Consent Order (DCO) [REP2-004] Code of Construction Practice (CoCP) [REP1-157] ES Chapter 12: Noise and Vibration [APP-150]	Matter Under Discussion
			The Applicant, explained that HGVs will be banned from		
			some routes, as outlined in the OTMPfC. The use of		

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: Code of Construction Practice (CoCP) (Application Document 6.3, Appendix 2.2)¶

Deleted: (Application Document 7.14)

Deleted: National Highways are

Deleted: ,

Deleted: will

Deleted: Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction (Application Document 7.14)

Deleted: Code of Construction Practice (

Deleted:) (Application Document 6.3). Environmental Statement ...

Deleted: will present

Deleted: National Highways

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			the strategic road network and local road network is required to deliver the works. Existing restrictions will be respected.		
			Temporary offline haul routes will be constructed directly off the strategic road network where possible.		
Impacts Milton Compound and ground preparation tunnel	2.1.42	Milton Compound and ground preparation tunnel, multiple concerns: Milton Compound is within the North Kent Marshes Special Protection Area (SPA) and could negatively affect the Thames and Medway Canal bed and banks though access by very heavy vehicles and the construction of the ground preparation tunnel, assurances are needed. Concerns about injection of "grout" could cause damage, dewatering and contamination, have asked	The Applicant is, aware of the condition of the existing access road. Localised strengthening will be required along with a full condition survey before construction takes place. The road will be upgraded where necessary in order to cope with the loadings and frequency required. These proposals have been discussed with the Thames and Medway Canal	N/A	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: National Highways are

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		 Deleted: National Highways comment
		about other places where it has been used successfully. Concerns about access routes.	All works will be carefully planned, designed and executed, with full cognisance of the impacts caused and mitigated as far as feasibly possible. The Canal will be reinstated as agreed with the relevant bodies, prior to works commencing.			Deleted: as agreed,
			The grout tunnel remains a contingency measure, which the Applicant will not know to be necessary until detailed design.			Deleted: and that we do Deleted: will
Impacts Dewatering	2.1.43	Concerns about effect of any deliberate dewatering e.g. for ground preparation tunnel, the Chalk compound close to the church.	The effects of the Project's construction activities, as well as its operation have been subject to extensive studies, undertaken in collaboration with the	ES Appendix 14.5 Hydrogeological Risk Assessment [APP-458 and APP-459],	Matter Under Discussion	Deleted: Environmental Statement Append Hydrogeological Risk assessment

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

ement Appendix 14.5 nent

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		 Deleted: National Highways comment
		Need clarification of all activities there. Also concerned about any unintended dewatering of marshes as has occurred e.g.at HS1 at Swanscombe.	Environment Agency and Natural England. The studies, described in ES, Appendix 14.5: Hydrogeological Risk assessment demonstrate that, with the embedded and secured design and mitigation in place, there will be no significant effects.			Deleted: , Deleted: Environmental Statement Deleted: ,
Closures and diversions Bridge closures on Brewers Road and Thong Lane	2.1.44	The duration of bridge closures, which cause considerable disruption to local residents, should be minimised but preferably through measures other than 24h working. Thong Lane north bridge – should be possible to divert traffic to the side while bridge is built	Brewers road and Thong Lane are never closed at the same time to ensure access across the A2 is not completely severed. This is a commitment that will be secured in the oTMPfC The Applicant, will work with the authority and	Construction	Matter Under Discussion	Deleted: (Application Document 7.14)¶ Deleted: Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction (OTMPfC) Deleted: National Highways
		Brewers Road – minimise time, consider possibility temporary use of Park Pale bridge The above and Thong Lane south overbridge should not be closed simultaneously.	authority and contractor, collectively, during the detailed design phase to optimise the solution to reduce duration as far as is reasonably practicable.			

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

practicable.

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response,	Application Document Reference	Status
			The Applicant will continue to engage with Shorne Parish Council regarding the proposed duration of bridge closures.		
Road alteration and maintenance Protection of residents during construction	2.1.45	Tree planting in final position plus protective earth bunds should be put in place at the earliest possible date. Night-time working should be avoided as much as possible, maps of affected areas were not clear. Summer working hours are too long (06.00 to 23.00). Haul roads are very close to residential locations.	es Chapter 12: Noise and vibration includes noise and visual assessments from construction activities. Mitigation measures have been proposed to lessen the impact of these activities to residential housing including the use of bunds and fences where deemed appropriate. Woodland planting will also be specified to suit its mitigation needs when required for visual screening. Night working is proposed usually where traffic conditions would not also seems and vibration included to suit its mitigation needs when required for visual screening.	and Vibration [APP-150] Code of Construction Practice (CoCP) [REP1-157] Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction [REP1-174] v	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Deleted: (Application Document 7.14)

Deleted: Code of Construction Practice (Application Document 6.3).

Deleted: wouldn't

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response	Document Reference	
			closures due to the impact on traffic.		
			Extended working hours (after 19:00) are intermittent and are required to cover certain construction activities that require more than the standard working hours to be completed. More		
			information is provided in the CoCP.		
			The oTMPfC outlines		
			a proposed traffic forum which would discuss the		
			appropriate traffic measure to implement and would have input from key stakeholders.		
Road alteration and maintenance Widening of A226	2.1.46	Concern any widening should be temporary and reversed post construction.	The A226 Gravesend Road has been included in the Order Limits to allow temporary road- widening if required to maintain the safety of other road users while	N/A	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: Code of Construction Practice (Application Document 6.3)....

Deleted: Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction (Application Document 7.14)

Deleted: be the forum to

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
			it is used by construction traffic.		
Construction traffic impacts Construction HGV's via	2.1.47	Concern about adding traffic when there are already queues back onto the A2 itself at peak times.	The Applicant is committed to a Traffic Management Plan for Construction (TMP) in	Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction [REP1-174]	Matter Under Discussion
Gravesend East roundabout			the DCO, which will be developed post DCO consent by the Contractor, in line with the controls in	Code of Construction Practice (CoCP) [REP1-157]	
			the oTMPfC and the approved CoCP.		
			The Applicant, explained that HGVs will be banned from some routes, as outlined in the oTMPfC, use of the		
			local and strategic road networks, is		
			required to deliver the works. Existing restrictions will be respected.		
			Temporary offline haul routes will be constructed directly off the strategic road network where practicable.		

Deleted: number
Deleted: National Highways comment
Deleted: National Highways are
Deleted: (Application Document 7.14)
Deleted: Code of Construction Practice (CoCD) (Application
Deleted: Code of Construction Practice (CoCP) (Application Document 6.3)
Deleted: Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction
(Application Document 7.14) and the approved Code of
Construction Practice (CoCP) (Application Document 6.3).
Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: OTMPfC. The

Deleted: network and local road network

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
Closures and diversions Closure of footpaths and cycle routes, including long distance routes	2.1.48	These need to be minimised, access controlled rather than full closure, there must be safe alternative routes.	All works impacting footpaths/cycle paths, will be coordinated with the relevant bodies, and a number of meetings have already taken place with Gravesham Borough Council.	N/A	Matter Under Discussion
Impacts Chalk stockpiles	2.1.49	More information needed, concern about contaminated water efflux reaching marshes.	The Applicant has, provided an assessment on waste which quantifies the likely material arisings (e.g. spoil) and applies measures to divert from landfill. This is in ES Chapter 11: Material Assets and Waste. The REAC will provide detail on committed mitigation such as location of stockpiles to act as noise and visual barriers. ES Appendix 14.5: Hydrogeological Risk Assessment provides further information. The Applicant will continue to engage	ES Chapter 11: Material Assets and Waste [APP-149] Register of Environmental Actions and Commitments (REAC) within the Code of Construction Practice [REP1-157]. ES Appendix 14.5: Hydrogeological Risk Assessment [APP-458 and APP-459].	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted:,

Deleted: National Highways have

Deleted: Environmental Statement - Chapter 11 Material ¶ Assets and Waste (Application Document 6.1)¶

Environmental Statement (Application Document 2.2)¶

Deleted: the Environmental Statement -

Deleted: (Application Document 6.3)

Deleted: (Application Doc 6.1). Environmental Statement App doc 2.2 - Register of Environmental Actions and Commitments

Deleted:) (App doc 6.3)

Deleted: Hydrogeological Risk Assessment Appendix 14.5 of the Environmental Statement

Deleted: The

Deleted: provided as Appendix 14.5 of the Environmental

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	
Operation & Maintenant Safety Noise and traffic increase on residential roads	2.1.50	Concerns about noise increase, and traffic increasing on unsuitable, residential roads: It has been claimed that some narrow residential roads have increased capacity but physical inspection (or driving through on Google maps) would show this not to be the case. Great concern about traffic increases blocking road, as happens now when there are problems e.g. on	with SPC and Further discussions will take place, once SPC has, reviewed the application documents. The Applicant has not claimed that any narrow roads have increased capacity. The Applicant is, committed to a Traffic Management Plan for Construction (TMP) in the draft DCO, which would, be developed post DCO consent by the Contractor, in line with the controls in the oTMPfC, and the approved CoCP	Draft Development Consent Order (DCO) [REP2-004] Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction [REP1-174] Code of Construction Practice (CoCP) [REP1-157]	Matter Not Agreed	
Maintenance Operational staff traffic levels	2.1.52	the A2. SPC query the amount of traffic expected to the southern control centre as this route crosses a very busy multi-use public right of way.	The tunnel will typically be controlled from the South East Regional Operating Centre, so the local tunnel control facility will be infrequently used. The South	N/A	Matter Agreed,	

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: be carried out with SPC post application

Deleted: the application has been published and once

Deleted: have

Deleted: National Highways haven't

Deleted: National Highways are

Deleted: (Application Document 7.14)

Deleted: Code of Construction Practice (CoCP) (Application Document 6.3)¶

Deleted: Outline Traffic Management Plan for Construction

(Application Document 7.14)

Deleted: Code of Construction Practice (**Deleted:**) (Application Document 6.3)

Deleted: Future traffic noise reductions claims

Deleted: Under Discussion

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
		SPC Update: Information	Portal Tunnel			
		provided so "Agreed" but	Services, Building			 Deleted: Service
		led to other questions	(TSB) above the			
		arising, therefore two	tunnel portal will be			
		additional items will be	used on a daily basis			
		added to the next iteration	by Vehicle Recovery			
		of the SoCG.	Service (VRS) and			
			Traffic Officer			
			personnel and by			
			tunnel maintenance			
			personnel as needed.			
			VRS (one or two			
			operatives) will			
			recover broken-down			
			vehicles from the road			
			tunnels as necessary			
			and the Traffic			
			Officers will mostly be			
			patrolling the road,			
			but will use the TSB			
			welfare facilities as			
			required. Traffic			
			Officers may also use			
			the TSB access roads			
			as a means of			
			changing their			
			direction of travel on			
			the Project route.			Deleted: LTC
			Routine Tunnel			
			Maintenance is			
			anticipated to be			
			undertaken during			Deleted: on
			overnight tunnel			

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
			closures at one or other tunnel bore at six-week, intervals.		
Charging					
Local Resident Discount Scheme Discounts for local residents	2.1.53	Residents have expressed that they will expect to get the same discounts/free tickets as residents of Dartford and Thurrock. SPC update: Thurrock residents will get free use of both routes, Gravesham residents want the same as there will be times of closure and other situations when they are forced to use the Dartford Crossing. It is not reasonable that, because Thurrock is a large and sprawling area, their residents get greater benefit than Dartford and Gravesham residents combined, which is the equivalent area south of the Thames. (Probably the original agreement is wrong, should have had e.g. a five mile radius	Schedule 12 to the draft DCO _x contains the powers for the Secretary of State to provide a Local Residents Discount Scheme (LRDS) on the same basis as for the Dartford Crossing (for Thurrock and Gravesham). SPC has confirmed they do not agree with the proposed Local Resident Discount Scheme as explained in their updated commentary, therefore the status of this has moved to Matter Not Agreed.	Schedule 12 to the draft DCO [REP2-004] Road User Charging Statement [APP-517],	Matter Not Agreed,

Deleted: 6 weekly

Deleted: Under Discussion

Deleted: (Application Document 3.1)

Deleted: Schedule 12 to the draft DCO (Application Document 3.1)

Deleted: National Highways consider that this matter can move to agreed once SPC have viewed the Draft DCO following submission.

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		A re-think on this matter is required as the previous agreement will be superseded by having two crossings close together. The previous agreement can be replaced. Therefore remains "not Agreed".			
Charging regime Variable charging	2.1.54	Concern about using charge alterations to manipulate routes taken by traffic that would not otherwise use the A2/M2 and connection routes from the M20.	It is Government policy that major river crossings would normally be charged and therefore the Project is aligned with that policy. Charging would help manage demand and network performance across the existing Dartford Crossing and proposed Lower Thames Crossing. Charges at the new crossing would be equal in value to those in force at the Dartford Crossing.	N/A	Matter Not Agreed

ppic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status	Deleted: number Deleted: National Highways comment
odelling ethodology affic modelling	2.1.55 RRE	Great concern that traffic data used is old, mostly from 2014-2016, SPC do not believe the results can be correct or that the	The Applicant's Response The Applicant's model is built in line with guidance from DfT - the Transport Analysis Guidance and standards as set out in the Design Manual for Roads and Bridges. The Applicant is content that the data used in the transport model is acceptable, and the model has been assured by the Applicant's independent assessor which has confirmed it is suitable to assess the impacts of the Project. While the model does include a range of detailed network parameters to reflect existing conditions,	Document Reference	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: National Highways comment Deleted: National Highways Deleted: National Highways are Deleted: National Highways are Deleted: an Deleted: within National Highways who Deleted: Whilst

road, particularly those on the local road network.

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
Developments and uncertainty log Traffic Figures	2.1.56 RRE	"Capping" of figures, on regional basis, also not statistically viable: The traffic figures used are not the actual product of the calculations but are modified (downwards), as they are not allowed to show predicted growth that is greater than a regional average figure. North-West Kent is a major growth area with great increase in housing (not all being factored into the plans, nor is the London Resort project) and therefore increased transport demands, baseline traffic is increasing greatly year on year (2.5% previously, probably more now) and the annual increase here must be at the high end of the regional range. If the model is correct then the output figures must be correct and should be used. Both the capped and uncapped figurers should	The growth in the transport model is capped in line with Department for Transport traffic forecasts. Growth in the area surrounding the project is supplemented through developments which are under construction, that have a planning application or permission, in line with the Transport Analysis Guidance (TAG), and the overall growth in the area is constrained to the DfT traffic growth forecasts. Growth within Local Plans is not of sufficient certainty to be included explicitly in the model.	N/A	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: (as of 30th September 2021 for our forthcoming DCO Application),...

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comm
		be published so that any underestimate is transparent and realised. This also impacts on the air quality figures, for which anticipated pollution will also be underestimated. 'DfT's own documents warn against use of traffic prediction models.				
Modelling output interpretations Traffic data presentation	2.1.57	Data presentation is very selective and often obscures negative impacts while also disguising that benefits may be lower than desired, e.g. HGV reduction at Dartford Crossing.	Data as presented at consultations has to be shared in a manner that is manageable for the majority of consultees. The Applicant has provided more detailed information to the local highway authorities (including Medway and KCC), as well as Gravesham Borough. As previously suggested, the Applicant recommends, that the Parish discusses the		Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: National Highways have Deleted: National Highways recomm

nment

mmend

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
			data with these authorities.		
Modelling methodology Traffic Modelling	2.1.58	Modelling versus reality: Choice of route is often a result of satnav's and human behaviour choices of wanting to keep moving.	The Project's Transport Model has been independently assured by the Applicant, as being	Combined Modelling and Appraisal report Appendix B: Transport Model Package [APP-520]	Matter Not Agreed
		The likely outcomes of rat running and routes that drivers will use to get from other motorways through to the Project will cause severe traffic problems throughout the areas.	suitable to assess the impact of the Project. The transport model has been calibrated and validated in line with relevant DMRB (Design Manual for Roads and Bridges) and TAG guidance as set out in the Transport Model Package (Appendix B of the Combined Modelling and Appraisal report).		
			Given the scale and nature of the model it is not possible, or required, to achieve perfect validation across the whole of the modelled network. The conditions and operation of local roads has been		

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: ¶

Updated operational modelling and more details of the impacts during construction were shared at the Community Impacts Consultation in summer 2021

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: (Design Manual for Roads and Bridges) and TAG guidance as set out in the Transport Model Package (Appendix B of the ComMA)

Deleted: ComMA).

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
			replicated as far as possible within the parameters of the software.		
Modelling methodology Data collection locations and quality (supplementary surveys	2.1.59 RRE	Turning point surveys were not representative – e.g. the survey for Forge Lane (Shorne) was carried out during non-peak hours on a single Saturday in June	The data collected in 2019 was not used in the Project's transport model. Instead this has been used as part of the Applicant's.	N/A	Matter Not Agreed
2019)		2019 whereas on normal weekdays there is a lot of traffic going to and from the School and other work destinations.	assessment into the impacts on Walkers, Cyclists and Horseriders as a result of the project.		
		The data collection point for Brewers Road was located between the current A2 slip roads and Park Pale (leading to Harlex haulage yard and the Rochester and			
		Cobham Golf Club) and the entrance to the Country Park. Therefore the data collected does not represent vehicle use of Brewers Road itself as it			
		continues on through Shorne. This may in part explain the difficulty we are having in marrying up our			

Deleted: our

Deleted: -

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	1	Deleted: number
Торіс	item <u>No.</u>	comment	Response,	Document Reference	Status		Deleted: National Highways comment
		own data with HE's and we are therefore concerned about HE's possibly incorrect data being used to predict traffic volumes, and consequent noise and pollution in residential roads accessed through this stretch of Brewers Road. * as at 13/07/22 agree with the purpose of the data collection not being for general traffic volumes, however we still have concerns about the quality of the data.					
Wider Network Impacts							
WNI approach Wider Network Impacts mitigation on local roads	2.1.60	Traffic increases and lack of action to protect residents: Traffic will increase throughout the area on all roads both major and minor Consequences are recognised but there are no plans included to address predictable problems from the outset, these should be integrated with project.	The Applicant, is proposing to monitor the impacts of the Project on traffic on the local and strategic road networks. If the monitoring identifies issues or opportunities related to the road network as a result of traffic growth or new third-party developments,	Wider Network Impacts Monitoring and Management Plan [APP-545] v	Matter Not Agreed		Deleted: Project Deleted: (Application Document 7.14)

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	 Deleted: number
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			then local authorities would be able to use this as evidence to support scheme development and case making through existing funding mechanisms and processes. An updated Wider Network Impacts Management and Monitoring Plan (WNIMMP) was included in the application, providing information about the proposed traffic monitoring.			Deleted: will be
WNI approach Wider Network Impacts mitigation Traffic increases cannot be supported by local and wider network in North-West Kent	2.1.61	Traffic in the areas is already heavy and bad and the proposals will make it worse by drawing more traffic into the areas. Suggestions that the Project will cause reductions on small links are not credible as the Project will tend to pull new traffic by different routes,	The Applicant, is proposing to monitor the impacts of the Project on traffic on the local and strategic road networks. If the monitoring identifies issues or opportunities related to the road network as a result of traffic growth or new third-party developments,	Wider Network Impacts Monitoring and Management Plan [APP-545]	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: (Application Document 7.14)

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: nun
·		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: Nati
		so cancelling out any putative reductions.	then local authorities would be able to use this as evidence to support scheme development and case making through existing funding mechanisms and processes. An updated Wider Network Impacts Management and Monitoring Plan (WNIMMP) was, included in the application, providing information about the proposed traffic monitoring.			Deleted: will
Local WNI concerns Wider Network Impacts mitigation on A226, A227, A228 and A229	2.1.62 RRE	Traffic increases on connecting roads between the M20 to the LTC: Concern about increased traffic on the A226, A227, A228 (and A229) and local connecting roads through rat-running. The M2 and A289 immediately east of the LTC are already at capacity with frequent jams, the LTC will only	The Applicant is proposing to monitor the impacts of the Project on traffic on the local and strategic road networks. If the monitoring identifies issues or opportunities related to the road network as a result of traffic growth or new third-party developments,	Wider Network Impacts Monitoring and Management Plan [APP-545] v	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: Proj

umber lational Highways comment

vill be

roject

Application Document 7.14)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
		make this worse. The suggested solution is to impose lower than standard motorway speed limits, which is not a helpful solution or a successful outcome as it will increase journey times for all users.	then local authorities would be able to use this as evidence to support scheme development and case making through existing funding mechanisms and processes. An updated Wider Network Impacts Management and Monitoring Plan (WNIMMP) was included in the application, providing information about the proposed traffic monitoring.			Deleted: will be
Monitoring approach Long term Monitoring	2.1.63	Monitoring frequency and resolution of problems: The plan for monitoring of adverse outcomes proposes evaluation at 1y and 4y, this is much too long a gap so suggest 1y, 2y, 3y and 5y. How adverse outcomes identified by monitoring are going to get resolved is not clear. There will be problems where it is not	Monitoring would be conducted in the year before the Lower Thames Crossing opens to establish a baseline, then one and five years after completion of the project. The Applicant is proposing to monitor the impacts of the Project on traffic on	Wider Network Impacts Monitoring and Management Plan [APP-545],	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: (Application Document 7.14) Deleted: Project

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Горіс	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
		physically possible to widen the roadway, and others where the source of funding is not clear or assured. Funding to resolve operational problems must be assured and resolution expedited. However there are also problems that are predictable, and those should be included within the project.	the local and strategic road networks. If the monitoring identifies issues or opportunities related to the road network as a result of traffic growth or new third-party developments, then local authorities would be able to use this as evidence to support scheme development and case making through existing funding mechanisms and processes. An updated Wider Network Impacts Management and Monitoring Plan (WNIMMP) was, included in the application, providing information about the proposed traffic monitoring.			Deleted: will be

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status	Deleted: numb
Community Facilities Loss of recreational space	2.1.64	The area is losing (has now lost due to recent closure) its only, and very popular, "Pay and Play" golf course, this is not being re-provided.	The Applicant proposes to permanently acquire the site for the new road and for landscaping. The Applicant is not proposing to replace the golf club, but instead to create a new parkland area on part of the site that would be open to the public after construction.	ES Chapter 13: Population and Human Health [APP-151],	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: Nation Deleted: Environ Chapter 13 Pop (Application Doc Deleted: We are Deleted: Instead of the Deleted: Instead of the Deleted: Nation Deleted: Instead of the Deleted: Nation Delet
			The Applicant has, assessed the impacts of the Project on the Southern Valley Golf Club, as a community asset. This is, covered by the Environmental Impact Assessment within the DCO application.			Deleted: Nation Deleted: Cours Deleted: will be Deleted: our
Traffic Effects on Business / Local Economy Increased journey times	2.1.65	Increased traffic congestion and gridlock will have negative effect on economy and journey times	Given the widespread change in traffic patterns across the Lower Thames area it is impossible for the Applicant, to provide commentary for every	Community Impact Report (Part 1 of 4) [REP2-032],	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: N/A Deleted: us

eted: number eted: National Highways comment eted: National Highways propose eted: Environmental Impact Assessment¶ apter 13 Population and Human Health¶ plication Document 6.1) eted: We are eted: . Instead, we propose eted: National Highways have eted: Course (SVGC) eted: will be eted: our

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		Plans involve making some routes much longer and more complex.	journey and route choice. The Ward Impact Summaries (published during Community Impacts Consultation) provided detail of the forecast changes to traffic at a ward level once the Lower Thames Crossing is open and can be used as a means to assess the likely impacts upon journeys that individuals may take. The Community Impact Report provides a summary		
			by electoral wards that would have part of the Project (temporary and permanent) within them.		
Traffic Effects on Business / Local Economy	2.1.66	There will be reduced and much more indirect access to stations, supermarkets, and other shopping locations.	The Applicant recognises, that people will travel to different stations to complete their journeys, much as	Community Impact Report (Part 1 of 4) [REP2-032] _v	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: National Highways recognise

Deleted: N/A

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
Access to stations and			they would take		
amenities			different roads		
			depending on their		
			origin and destination,		
			as well as the		
			purpose of their trip.		
			Given the widespread		
			change in traffic		
			patterns across the		
			Lower Thames area it		
			is impossible for the		
			Applicant to provide		
			commentary for every		
			journey and route		
			choice. The access to		
			station information as		
			set out in the		
			Community Impacts		
			Consultation refers to		
			the immediate access		
			to these stations and		
			impacts on the rail		
			services at these		
			stations. The Ward		
			Impact Summaries		
			(published during		
			Community Impacts		
			Consultation)		
			provided detail of the		
			forecast changes to		
			traffic at a ward level		
			once the Lower		
			Thames Crossing is		

Deleted: where
Deleted: was

Deleted: us

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			open and can be used as a means to assess the likely impacts upon journeys that individuals may take. The Community Impact Report provides a summary by electoral wards that would have part of the Project		
			(temporary and permanent) within them.		
EIA methodology					
Assessment methodology Timing and extent of water surveys	2.1.67	Several of the water surveys and studies were only carried out in the driest months of the year, e.g. looking for streams, and the water flow tests at	More information is provided in the Water Features Survey Factual Report, this includes surveys of the area of concern	ES Appendix 14.2: Water Features Survey Factual Report [APP- 454 and APP-455]	Matter Not Agreed
		Chalk, this raises	and was carried out in		
		questions about the	four phases of field		
		veracity of results obtained.	work that spanned all times of the year.		
		SPC are not aware of any flow tests having been conducted between land south and north of the A226 just east of Chalk			

Deleted: – application document 14.2 of the Environmental Statement,...

Deleted: Water Features Survey – application document 14.2 of the Environmental Statement,

Deleted: 4

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
		Church, which is an area of concern regarding dewatering that might be caused by excavations.				
Assessment methodology Other Impacted land	2.1.68	The Project doesn't consider negative impact on all land that will suffer air pollution, e.g. the Parish owns "Crabbles Bottom" which is close to the M2/A289 junction but there has been no discussion about impact on our land e.g. productive orchards and meadow.	The assessment of effects from changes in air quality follows the published standard in the Design Manual for Roads and Bridges: LA 105, Air Quality. This sets out the criteria for inclusion in the assessment, listing those designated sites to be considered, distances from the affected road network, and thresholds of changes in nitrogen deposition above which sites are screened in for further assessment. If the areas listed above meet those criteria, they will have been included as part of the assessment which supports the DCO application.	N/A	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: LA105 Deleted: then

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
Assessment methodology	2.1.69	Some assessments are subjective, i.e. opinion and value judgements rather than being objective assessments based on properly collected and evaluated, well evidenced hard data.	ES Chapter 4 EIA Methodology and the topic chapters of the ES fully justify the methods of assessment.	ES Chapter 4 EIA Methodology [APP-142] and the topic chapters of the ES [APP-139 to APP-154],	Matter Not Agreed
Air quality			,	,	,
Assessment methodology Traffic data	2.1.70	Interdependence on correct traffic data: As discussed above, there are considerable concerns and doubts over the veracity of the traffic data. However, as the same capped data provides the input into the air quality predictions, if the traffic data is incorrectly low so will be the air quality predictions. Predictions use outputs from the traffic modelling and reconvert them into AADT rather than using actual AADT inputs.	The Applicant has, produced a suite of documentation setting out how the model has been built and how it performs (see the Combined Modelling and Appraisal Report and its appendices A,B and C). This includes details of the guidance and standards the Applicant is required to use (including the Transport Analysis Guidance and the Design Manual for Roads and Bridges), given the Project is to be funded by the	Combined Modelling and Appraisal Report and its appendices A, B and C [APP-518 to APP-527]	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: Environmental Statement (Application Document 6.1)...

Deleted: Chapter 4 EIA Methodology and the topic chapters of the Environmental Statement (Application Document 6.1)

Deleted: National Highways have

Deleted: Combined Modelling and Appraisal Report and its appendices A,B and C (Application Document 7.7)

Deleted: (Application Document 7.7)).

Deleted: National Highways are

Deleted:)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highwa
			Government. The			
			model has been			
			assessed by the			
			Applicant's			Deleted: an
			independent assessor			
			and has been			Deleted: within National Hi
			accepted as suitable			
			for assessing the			
			impact of the Project,			Deleted: Lower Thames C
			on the highway			
			network.			
Assessment	2.1.71	Over-manipulation of data:	The air quality	ES Chapter 5: Air	Matter Not Agreed	 Deleted: Overmanipulation
methodology		The air quality report is	assessment is	Quality [APP-143],	9	Deleted: N/A
		prefaced by descriptions of	undertaken in			
Traffic data		a considerable number of	accordance with the			
Traffic data		ways that figures have	DRMB LA 105, and			Deleted: LA105
		been adjusted, usually	DEFRA's local air			
		downwards, which casts	quality management			
		doubt on the whole	technical guidance.			
		exercise.	This is consistent with			
		In some instances data for	how local authorities			
		particular major roads was	assess air quality as			
		individually adjusted.	part of their local air			
		Predictions that air quality	quality management			
		will improve on the A2	process.			
		immediately west of the				
		LTC (close to the major				
		junction) are not credible				
		as additional traffic will be				
		pulled from the west to use				
		pulled from the west to use				

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: an

Deleted: within National Highways

Deleted: Lower Thames Crossing

Deleted: Overmanipulation

Deleted: N/A

the LTC cancelling out any possible reduction through

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
		westbound traffic instead taking the LTC.			
Assessment methodology Inclusion of factors for junctions, long inclines etc	2.1.72	The earliest air quality calculations that were published only related to straight, flat roads. Assurance is needed that the figures factor in large junctions and especially that there is a 2km long, 4% incline slope which HGV's (the heaviest polluters) will haul up from the lowest point of the tunnel. Pollution calculations could be underestimated for this reason as well.	Detailed dispersion modelling has been undertaken in accordance with DMRB LA 105 guidance, which states the requirements for detailed modelling. Speed band emission factors have been used to determine the emission factors for each link, including slip roads and junctions. It should be noted that the air quality model has been extensively calibrated against air quality monitoring data from 260 individual sites across the study area, to ensure that the model predictions are robust.	ES Chapter 5: Air Quality [APP-143],	Matter Not Agreed
Assessment methodology	2.1.73	Data presentation was only at either simple or PhD	To support the technical ES,	ES Non-Technical Summary [APP-486]	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: N/A

Deleted: links

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
Data presentation		level, there needs to be an intermediate level of presentation that can be understood by non-experts with reasonable ability to understand technical information. SPC are reviewing documents in relation to this item.	chapters, the ES Non -Technical Summary provides a summary of the potential impacts and proposed mitigation. The Community Impact Report help readers understand the impacts of the Project at a local community ward level.	Community Impact Report [REP2-032, REP2-034, REP2-036, REP2-038]	
Assessment methodology Sampling methodology	2.1.74	Air quality sampling was undertaken mostly using NO2 diffusion tubes but these are known to be more unreliable and give lower readings than fixed sampling stations. Therefore the calculations could be also underpredicting for this reason.	A combination of diffusion tubes and automatic analysers has been used to verify the air quality model. While it is acknowledged that diffusion tubes are not as accurate as automatic monitoring stations, it is not possible to undertake large _scale monitoring campaigns using automatic stations given both cost and infrastructure required to power the stations.	ES Chapter 5: Air Quality [APP-143],	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: there will be

Deleted: (Application Document 6.4) which

Deleted: Environmental Statement Non Technical Summary (Application Document 6.4) (Community Impact Report (Application Document 7.16)

Deleted: (Application Document 7.16) will also

Deleted: N/A

Deleted: Whilst

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
Assessment methodology Sampling points	2.1.75	Air quality sampling is not being undertaken at points where people live close to a road where traffic levels are predicted to rise as a consequence of the project, e.g. the A227 at Meopham and the A228 at Cuxton.	The assessment has been informed by air quality monitoring obtained from an extensive area, which includes areas where the highest pollutant concentrations and traffic impacts are expected as a result of the Project. There are numerous air quality monitoring sites on the A227, A228 and A229 as shown in ES Figure 5.4: Air Quality Monitoring Sites.	ES Figure 5.4: Air Quality Monitoring Sites [APP-175 to APP-177]	Matter Not Agreed
Assessment of likely significant effects Creation of new exceedances of regulatory levels, and other deterioration in air quality	2.1.76	Unclear legality of creating new exceedances, cannot be justified or offset by reductions 10m away. If air pollution is being caused by the project then those locations should be included in the project, it is unacceptable to ignore adverse effects on human health. There are some areas which already have	The air quality assessment has been undertaken in accordance with DMRB LA 105, which presents the methodology to determine whether the impacts on air quality are considered significant. Although the assessment has concluded that there are no significant	ES Chapter 5: Air Quality [APP-143] Health and Equalities Impact Assessment [APP-539],	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: N/A

Deleted: of the Environmental Statement

Deleted: LA105

Deleted: Environmental Statement Chapter 5 Air quality (Application Document 6.1)¶

Health Impact Assessment (HIA)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National High
		exceedances and will be	impacts, the Project			
		made worse by the project	has investigated			
		but for unknown reasons	whether there are any			
		have not been declared as	mitigation measures			
		AQMA's, this should be	that could be put in			
		done and those areas	place to reduce the			
			impacts of the Project			Deleted: scheme
		to have planned actions to	on the A228.			
		reduce pollution.	Unfortunately, the			
		It has been stated that a	Applicant has, not			Deleted: National High
		greater number of	been able to reduce			
		locations will be newly	the Project's, impacts			Deleted: scheme
		subjected to bad pollution	in that area. It should			
		levels than those who may	however be noted			
		have their air quality levels	that the Applicant			
		improved.	considers, that the			Deleted: we consider
		Greater number of	model could be			
		residential locations will be	overestimating the			
		affected badly than	concentrations of			
		reduced.	NO2 at receptors			
		roduoca.	along the A228. The			
			model indicates that			
			air quality currently			
			exceeds AQS			
			objectives and the			
			Applicant has, had			Deleted: we have
			discussions with the			
			local authority as part			
			of the assessment			
			process as the area			
			has not been			
			designated an air			
			quality management			

ighways comment

ghways have

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			area and the Applicant is unaware of any plans to designate any AQMA on the A228. The Health and Equalities Impact Assessment provides, more information specifically on air quality and human health.		
Assessment of likely significant effects Impact on local woodlands and parks	2.1.77 RRE	Pollution will spread further into the parks and Ancient Woodlands, and further up the tree trunks than is presently the case. There is little point having Country Parks which are then so contaminated that their biodiversity is compromised.	Within the Guide for Local Refinement Consultation (Chapter 5), the Applicant, provided an update on how it is assessing nitrogen emitted from vehicle exhausts onto designated habitats (process called nitrogen deposition). The guide identified which designated sites e.g. ancient woodland, veteran trees, Ramsar sites, SSIs, SPAs and SACs etc. were likely to be significantly affected by nitrogen	ES Chapter 5: Air Quality [APP-143] ES Chapter 8: Terrestrial Biodiversity [APP-146]	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: we are not aware

Deleted: There will also be a

Deleted: (HIA) with

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: Environmental Statement Chapter 5 Air quality (Application Document 6.1) ¶

Environmental Statement Chapter 8 Terrestrial Biodiversity ¶
(Application Document 6.1)

Deleted: .)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted:
		comment	Response	Document Reference		Deleted:
			deposition; and explained the mitigation measures considered and the proposed compensatory habitat areas, which would offset the emissions by planting new habitats and enhance existing sites. Further details on the assessment are included in ES Chapter 5: Air Quality and ES Chapter 8: Terrestrial Biodiversity.			Deleted:
Assessment methodology Air quality assessment criteria	2.1.78	Appropriate assessment criteria for rural areas with low property numbers: The significant effect criteria assessment considered number of properties, concluding no risk if very few properties were affected, but with low numbers of properties in rural areas, this artificially downplays the problem. E.g five properties sounds insignificant but there is a	Air quality modelling has been undertaken at worst-locations/properties where air pollutant concentrations and impacts are expected to be greatest, following the advice of DMRB LA 105, All properties considered to be at risk of exceedances of Air Quality Strategy	ES Chapter 5: Air Quality [APP-143]	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: (Application Deleted:

Deleted: will be provided

Deleted: Environmental Statement Chapter 5 Air quality¶ (Application Document 6.1)¶

Deleted: Highways England LA105.

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		great difference in impact between 5/1000 compared to 5/5, i.e if all the properties in a particular low density area are adversely affected.	objective thresholds for human health were included in the model. Paragraphs 5.2.88 to 5.3.93 of ES Chapter 5: Air Quality describe how the human receptors (such as properties) were selected.		
Assessment methodology Pollution assessment in future years after opening	2.1.79 RRE	Assessments were made only for opening year but air pollution related to traffic and traffic volumes are predicted to increase, therefore so will pollution. Arguments that more vehicles will be electric are not really quantifiable and predictable, especially for long-distance HGV's and rural residents, and these vehicles will still cause pollution of air, and noise pollution, from tyres and brakes.	The Project air quality monitoring survey has been undertaken over a period of 12 months, other than two, sites where monitoring was undertaken over a period of eight, months. Table 1.1 in ES Appendix 5.1: Air Quality Methodology. outlines the monitoring periods for the project _specific monitoring sites. Where the monitoring period was less than 12 months, the data was annualised following DEFRA LAQM TG 16	ES Appendix 5.1: Air Quality Methodology [APP-345]	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: the

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Deleted: Environmental Statement Chapter 5 Air quality (Application Document 6.1)¶

Deleted: 2

Deleted: 8

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			guidance, in order to ensure the concentrations were representative of long-term average concentrations. The baseline monitoring survey methodology is described in ES Appendix 5.1,			Deleted: of the Environmental Statement
Assessment of likely significant effects Tunnel ventilation system	2.1.80	Concern that particularly bad air will be pushed out of tunnel mouth, without any cleaning, and impact on residential areas due to variable wind direction	The impact of the tunnel portals on receptors such as houses has been assessed and there is no need to add filtration to reduce the effects of pollution from the tunnel.	N/A	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: on the tunnel
Cultural Heritage	L			L	L	
Heritage assets Impact on ancient buildings	2.1.81	Concern for St Mary's Church, Chalk which is very close to the tunnel mouth and could be affected by increased noise and vibration and through nearby dewatering.	To reduce impacts in Chalk Ward, the southern entrance of the tunnel has been moved, in line with community feedback, further south out of the ward. The tunnel was extended 600 metres after the	N/A	Matter Not Agreed	
			Applicant's Options			Deleted: our

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			Consultation in 2016 and by an additional 350 metres after Statutory Consultation in 2018, lengthening the tunnel by a total of 950 metres and moving it away from Chalk village.		
Access to archaeological findings	2.1.82	Finds should be photographed and available online, exhibited locally not all taken off to a distant University archive.	The Archaeological Mitigation Strategy and Outline Written Scheme of Investigation, includes provision for outreach and community engagement. This will be further developed in consultation with heritage stakeholders.	Archaeological Mitigation Strategy and Outline Written Scheme of Investigation [APP-367] v	Matter Agreed
Landscape and visual	•				
Plants & Woodlands Extent of damage to protected land, and "minimisation"	2.1.83	An objective of the project is to minimise adverse impacts on (health and) the environment but the location chosen is one of maximal damage or threats to Ancient Woodland, SSSI's, SPA's, Ramsar Site, landscape areas and Shorne Woods	Since the Preferred Route Announcement in 2017, the Applicant reappraised its routeing, decisions and considerations of alternatives. This work continues to conclude that the	Need for the Project [APP-494],	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: (AMS-OWSI) (Appendix 6.9, Application Documents 6.3)...

Deleted: (AMS-OWSI) (Appendix 6.9, Application Documents 6.3)

Deleted: Need for the Project (Application Document 7.1)

Deleted: National Highways re-appraised our routing

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status	Deleted: number Deleted: National Highways comment
		Country Park (the most visited park in Kent).	preferred route was the most sensible,			Deleted: location
		"Minimise" is a "weasel	The Need for the			Deleted: '
		word" that should be	Project sets out how			Deleted: Project' (Doc 7.1)
		avoided as e.g. damage that is reduced from 100% to 99.9% can be said to have been minimised if all possible reduction	the identification, selection and design process has responded to the Scheme Objectives			Deleted: Project
		measures have been applied yet there is no discernible difference.	asures have been and how a collaborative and how a	Deleted: .		
			Reducing the impacts of the Project on the environment is one of the Project requirements (see Need for the Project).			Deleted: the
			At every step of the Project's lifecycle, consideration has been given and efforts have been made to reduce the environmental			Deleted: , Application Document 7.1

impacts, while still

fulfilling the needs of the Project. The Applicant has

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National High
			followed the mitigation hierarchy of 'avoid, minimise, restore and compensate' to protect the environment in which it would be situated and in keeping with industry best practice.			
Impacts	2.1.84	The area is presently	The Applicant clarified	Code of Construction	Matter Not Agreed,	Deleted: National Highw
		completely dark but will be	in paragraph 6.8.3 of	Practice (CoCP)		Deleted: Under Discuss
Light pollution increase		lit at night causing light pollution for nearby residents and in the landscape, particularly as the screening by trees that we requested has been removed from plans. SPC Update: "Minimise" is such a weasel word. The facts remain that a landscape that it presently very dark will not be so in future with the LTC.	the CoCP that lighting will be designed, positioned and directed to prevent or minimise light disturbance to nearby residents, ecological receptors, as well as motorists and rail and marine operations. This provision will apply particularly to sites where night working or security lighting will be required.	[REP1-157],		Deleted: N/A
Infrastructure/Landsca pe Integration	2.1.85	75m pylon _ In order to get electricity cables across	The replacement tower for the modified	N/A	Matter Under Discussion	Deleted: -
		the width of the LTC, an	overhead line, would			

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: Under Discussion

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Dele
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Dele
New structures with negative visual impact		unscreened 75m pylon will be installed with great visual impact.	be visibly softened by proposed planting mitigation.			
		50msq electricity substation – having given us Chalk Park, actually only in order to reduce need for spoil removal, a very large electricity substation was announced within and nearby it which will impinge on local ambience and new views.	Proposed planting, the creation of Chalk Park and the return of the wider landscape to its former agricultural state would help integrate the new route into the surrounding landscape. The planting would screen views of the new substation.			
<u>Mitigation</u>	2.1.86	The documents state that land will be restored to the	The Applicant, would be required to restore	N/A	Matter Not Agreed	Dele Natio
Restoration of land post worksquality		satisfaction of the landowner, but it also needs to be to the	this land to its pre- existing state. The landowner would not			Dele
		satisfaction of the Parish and Borough Councils	need any additional consents from the local planning authority or parish council to keep the land in this state. It is			
			therefore not appropriate for those councils to be required to approve			

Deleted: .¶ National Highways

Deleted: -

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			the restoration of the land to this state. It will be restored to the landowner's reasonable satisfaction and compliant with legal requirement.		
Plants & Woodlands Maximisation of hedges and ponds for biodiversity	2.1.87	In early plans there were plenty of hedges in the compensation land, going back to the original small field landscape of the early 1800's. These then disappeared later with instead a very open landscape proposed which provides less habitat and screening. Hedges, of mixed native species, should be maximised. Ponds are also important and should be provided where possible and they can be permanent.	Where possible, reinstatement of historic hedgerows has been designed into the landscape, especially where it has coincided with the boundaries of the project. Examples are the access road from the A226 to the South Portal, which has reinstated historic land and hedgerow planting. Open mosaic habitat is a mixture of open grassland, scrub, bare ground and ponds. The proposed details for management of this area are included in the Outline	Outline Landscape and Ecology Management Plan [REP1-173]	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: (Application Document 5.2)¶

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			Landscape and Ecology Management Plan (OLEMP). The aim is to provide a diverse habitat for biodiversity.		
			There are a number of drainage ponds associated with the project, as well as retention ponds and infiltration basins. These form part of the project's proposed drainage strategy, and their primary function would be to provide drainage attenuation during the operational phase of the Project. Although they would develop into a habitat of		
			benefit to wildlife, they do not form part of the ecological mitigation for the Project. A planned maintenance		
			system would be established to ensure that the drainage		

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			system operates		
			effectively.		
			Where waterbodies		
			are lost, these are		
			replaced as part of		
			the ecological		
			mitigation proposals		
			and would be		
			managed with the		
			primary function as a		
			biodiversity resource.		
			New ponds are		
			proposed along the		
			route of the Project,		
			some of which are		
			integral to the		
			mitigation strategy for		
			great crested newts.		
			South of the River		
			Thames, habitat		
			creation would		
			include woodland		
			planting, to reduce		
			the impact for the loss		
			of ancient and SSSI		
			woodland during the		
			construction of the		
			Project, as well as		
			areas of species-rich		
			grassland, scrub,		
			bare ground and		
			ponds. These are		

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status		Deleted: number
		comment	Response,	Document Reference			Deleted: National Highways comment
			designed to both provide new, high -				
			quality habitats as well as connect existing areas of biodiversity value.				
Mitigation	2.1.88	Residents are concerned	The Project is	ES Chapter 8: Terrestrial Biodiversity	Matter Not Agreed	-	
Preservation of existing habitat		that existing good wildlife habitat may be bulldozed when it might better be	designed to maximise biodiversity value wherever possible.	[APP-146]			
nabitat		incorporated into the plans.	The biodiversity value generated by the	ES Appendix 8.21: Biodiversity Metric			
			project is described in ES Chapter 8: Terrestrial	Calculations [APP-417],			Deleted: N/A
			Biodiversity, and set				Deleted: the terrestrial biodiversity chapter
			out in detail in Appendix 8.21: Biodiversity Metric				Environmental Statement,
			Calculations,				Deleted: .¶
Terrestrial biodiversity							
Assessment	2.1.89	Quantitative and qualitative	The methodology for	ES Appendix, 5.6:	Matter Not Agreed		Deleted: Chapter
		means are needed to identify how much	identifying suitable areas for nitrogen	Project Air Quality Action Plan [APP-350]			
Nitrogen deposition		compensation and	deposition	ACTION FIGHT [AFF-330]			
methodology		mitigation and NOx offset	compensation is listed	ES Chapter 5: Air			
		land is needed, and to confirm it has been	within the Project Air Quality Action Plan.	Quality [APP-143]			
		provided: It is unclear to	This sets out why				
		us whether or not the	land was included and excluded for				

97

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

biodiversity chapter of the

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	-[
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		 -[
		acreage of land identified is correct. It is not just area that is important but the degree of ecological enhancement that will occur. It does not make sense to e.g. take existing grazing land, relabel it as mixed mosaic grassland and then claim it to be compensation land for the LTC. That area already existed and the ecological enhancement is small.	further consideration, and why the final sites were identified for inclusion as part of the Project application. Further details on the assessment will be provided in ES Chapter 5½ Air Quality and ES Chapter 8½ Terrestrial Biodiversity.	ES Chapter 8: Terrestrial Biodiversity [APP-146]		
Mitigation Permanence of compensation and mitigation and NOx offset land, safeguarding against future development	2.1.90	If land is taken for compensation and mitigation and NOx offset then this must be permanent. Great concerns that if management of the land is vested in local authorities (GBC and KCC) it might later be magically declared redundant and sacrificed for development, against the original principles of its acquisition.	The Applicant will be responsible for long - term management and maintenance of environmental mitigation unless it is agreed with a third party (usually another statutory body, such as Natural England, Forestry England, etc) for them to manage at a later date. The Applicant will not apply for planning consent for change of	N/A	Matter Under Discussion	

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: and

Deleted: ¶
(Application Document 6.1)

Deleted: National Highways

Deleted: National Highways won't

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
-		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			use of those environmental mitigation areas as the deviation from what is secured in the Development Consent Order would be a criminal breach of control for the Applicant			Deleted: National Highway
			Any future development outside the land required to construct, operate and maintain the Project would be decided by the relevant local planning authority or other relevant approval body. For more information about local authority aspirations for future development, refer to their relevant local plans.			
Marine biodivers	sity					
<u>Impacts</u>	2.1.91 RRE	Construction phase Plans have variously included a construction	For the construction phase, it is proposed to discharge water to	N/A	Matter Under Discussion	Deleted: -

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
Contaminated water discharges into the Thames		water outflow along the "Ramsar Ditch" (part of the Ramsar Site), into the North Kent Marshes SPA and out into the Thames – detail of this remains vague. Operational phase – Remains unclear where drainage of contaminated water from the road and tunnel will be pumped from and to, and whether there will be any discharge into the Thames, and of what quality of water. As the	a ditch located north of Lower Higham Road. The quantity and quality of this discharge would be subject to regulation by the Environment Agency through an environmental permit. In line with current legislation, the Project would be required to meet the water quality and discharge volume conditions stipulated by the environmental permit.		
		Thames is tidal here, contamination can hang around for significant time. SPC Update: It isn't "a" ditch but the "Ramsar ditch", part of the Ramsar site — presumably included in the Ramsar Site due to hydrological importance. Concern that plans include a large settling pond to prevent chalk entrainment fines so chalk will be	During operation it is not proposed to discharge any project drainage directly into the Ramsar site or SPA. Operational drainage comprises a mixture of infiltration to ground and attenuated, treated discharges to surface watercourses. An assessment of the operational drainage proposals has been		

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response	Document Reference	
		introduced into the soil in an area of marshland. Plans show rectangular areas close to housing, what are they? If there are pumps or other machinery they could obstruct views and cause noise problems. Great Clane marsh often floods in winter and with very high tides, how will that affect/be affected by what is proposed?, We accept the operational drainage answers, based on what is stated in DCO documents but have ongoing concern that severe rainfall events could cause exceedance of capacity.	completed and is presented within the ES. This includes an assessment of the potential effects on surface and groundwater quality and levels. The Tunnel will have an integrated drainage system which will ensure the collection and treatment of tunnel drainage prior to discharge into the River Thames under high tide conditions. In line with current legislation, this discharge would be subject to an environmental permit.		
			The Applicant notes the additional queries raised by Shorne Parish Council and will engage with them directly to provide a response. This matter remains under discussion and will be		

Deleted: Environmental Statement (Application Document 6.1)....

Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response,	Application Document Reference	Status	
		updated in a future iteration once discussions have concluded.			
claims of noise reduction seem not credible, especially versus loss of mature trees e.g.in the A2 central reservation, allegedly this will result from use of special road surfaces. Guarantees are needed over any improvemen ts being	and would be secured thro road surfacing technologic	ough the REAC, such a es and acoustic noise b	s the use of low-noise parriers at certain	Register of Environment al Actions and Commitment s (REAC) within the Code of Construction Practice [REP1-157]	Matter Under Discussio n
	Some claims of noise reduction seem not credible, especially versus loss of mature trees e.g.in the A2 central reservation, allegedly this will result from use of special road surfaces. Guarantees are needed over any improvemen	Some claims of noise reduction seem not credible, especially versus loss of mature trees e.g.in the A2 central reservation, allegedly this will result from use of special road surfaces. Guarantees are needed over any improvemen ts being maintained	Some claims of noise reduction seem not credible, especially versus loss of mature trees e.g. in the A2 central reservation, allegedly this will result from use of special road surfaces. Guarantees are needed over any improvemen ts being maintained	Some Claims of noise reduction seem not credible, especially versus loss of mature trees e.g.in the A2 central reservation, allegedly this will result from use of special road surfaces. Guarantees are needed over any improvemen ts being maintained	Some claims of noise reduction seem not credible, especially versus loss of mature trees e.g.in the A2 central reservation, allegedly this will result from use of special road surfaces. Guarantees are needed over any improvemen ts being maintained

_	Deleted: number
	Deleted: National Highways comment
	Turnet de Colle
	Inserted Cells
/	Inserted Cells

Deleted: Noise and Vibration

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
	actions if shown not to be the case.				
Project design and mitigation Mitigation measures for noise and vibration	2.1.92	Discussion needed about what protective measures will be put in place, when and where to maximally protect the local residents, which should be of most importance.	The Applicant has sought to reduce its impact on the local community during the construction phase. Mitigation measures are included in the CoCP (REAC) to minimise the potential effects of dust, noise, and light impacts. ES Chapter 12: Noise and Vibration includes noise and visual assessments from construction activities including working hours from several perspectives (e.g. noise) which has informed mitigation measures such as the use of bunds and fences where appropriate to lessen the impact of these activities to residential housing.	Register of Environmental Actions and Commitments (REAC) within the Code of Construction Practice [REP1-157] ES Chapter 12: Noise and Vibration [APP-150] V	Matter Not Agreed

-	Deleted: number					
-	Deleted: National Highways comment					
-	Deleted: National Highways					
-	Deleted: its					
4	Deleted: Environmental Statement Chapter 12 Noise and					

Vibration (Application Document 6.1) **Deleted:** Environmental Statement

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
Project design and mitigation Design changes	2.1.93	Inexplicable changes to noise barriers, e.g. barrier at Park Pale apparently removed at suggestion of the AONB for visual impact reasons that seem minor and wrong having regard to the removal of the central reservation trees which is also occurring. This barrier is anyway needed to mutually screen headlights so must be reinstated.	There is no requirement for a noise barrier in this location as a result of the existing A2 upgrade/widening implementing a low noise surface compared to the existing Hot Rolled Asphalt surface. By introducing a higher standard of low noise road surfacing, the Applicant is, able to remove one of the previously proposed noise barriers, which will lead to a reduction in the visual impact of the proposals in that area. This change responds to feedback received from Kent Downs AONB Unit (a statutory consultee) about the visual impact of the noise barrier near Park Pale	N/A	Matter Not Agreed
			responds to feedback received from Kent Downs AONB Unit (a statutory consultee) about the visual impact of the noise barrier near Park Pale		

Deleted: we are

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	Deleted: number
·		comment	Response,	Document Reference		Deleted: National Hi
			visual screening because design refinements have made it possible to retain more trees between Park Pale and the A2 corridor.			
Assessment of likely significant effects Impact on recreational routes and Shorne Woods Country Park	2.1.94	Area and recreational facility currently valued for tranquillity will become subject to greatly increased traffic noise.	During the community impacts consultation, the Applicant, presented information about the predicted impacts of the new road on visual amenity and landscape. The Applicant, outlined how it has, sought to reduce these impacts through good design and measures such as landscaping, planting and false cuttings to screen views of the new road and traffic. Areas used temporarily for construction would be restored to their former use. The	Register of Environmental Actions and Commitments (REAC) within the Code of Construction Practice [REP1-157] ES Chapter 12: Noise and Vibration [APP-150]	Matter Not Agreed	Deleted: National Hig Deleted: National Hig Deleted: we have Deleted: Environmen Vibration ¶ (Application Documen

Highways comment

Highways

Highways

nental Statement chapter 12: Noise and

ent 6.1)

project would be

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application Document Reference	Status
		comment	controlled through the good practice measures set out in the CoCP and REAC. ES chapter 12: Noise and Vibration presents a full assessment of noise	Document Reference	
Assessment of likely significant effects Impact on residential properties and recreational areas close to the Project	2.1.95	Noise contours were only published in July 2021 and showed that residential properties and recreational areas, including the new Chalk Park, will be badly affected by noise from the Project.	and vibration. ES chapter 12: Noise and Vibration presents a full assessment of noise and vibration.	ES Chapter 12: Noise and Vibration [APP-150],	Matter Not Agreed
Assessment of likely significant effects Data validity	2.1.96	Background noise levels quoted appear too high, aware additional readings are now being taken.	ES chapter 12: Noise and Vibration presents a full assessment of noise and vibration.	ES Chapter 12: Noise and Vibration [APP-150],	Matter Not Agreed
Population and human	health				
Public Open Space / Access to Recreation Loss of golf course	2.1.97	A very popular golf course, the only "pay and play" type for a considerable distance, is being lost. In fact it has now already closed pending sale of the	The Applicant proposes, to permanently acquire the site for the new road and for landscaping. The	ES Chapter 13: Population and Human Health [APP-151]	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Deleted: will present

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Deleted: will present

Deleted: Environmental Statement chapter 12: Noise and Vibration \P

(Application Document 6.1)

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Deleted: will present

Deleted: Environmental Statement chapter 12: Noise and

Vibration¶

(Application Document 6.1)

Deleted: National Highways propose

Deleted: Environmental Impact Assessment¶
Chapter 13 Population and Human Health¶
(Application Document 6.1)

Deleted: number

Deleted: taking

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	
		comment	Response,	Document Reference		
		land (SPC assume to NH) but given the time to start of construction it could and should have remained open.	Applicant is, not proposing to replace the golf club but instead, to create a new parkland area on part of the site that would be open to the public after construction. The Applicant has, assessed the impacts of the Project on the Southern Valley Golf Club, as a community asset. This is, covered by Chapter 13 of the Environmental Statement, within the Applicant's, DCO application.			
WCH / Active Travel - Design Multi-user paths safety	2.1.98	The Project wants to provide multi-user paths but horses can churn up surfaces making them impassable in wetter months, and cyclists and horses with pedestrians	The proposed Walking, cycling and Horse riding (WCH) strategy has been developed to the latest DMRB standards and takes,	Design Principles [APP-516] Schedule 5 of the draft DCO [REP2-004]	Matter Under Discussion	
		are a poor safety mix. Where there are multi-user routes they should have	into account guidance within the LTN 1/20 Cycle Infrastructure Design. The proposed	Project Design Report Part E: Design for Walkers, Cyclists and		

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: National Highways are

Deleted: . Instead, National Highways propose

Deleted: National Highways have

Deleted: Course (SVGC)

Deleted: will be

Deleted: Impact Assessment

Deleted: our

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response,	Application Document Reference	Status
		separated areas for safety reasons.	WCH routes will be developed at detailed design using these standards, which are outlined within the Design Principles, to determine suitable widths, separation and surface requirements. The WCH provision in the Project is set out in the Rights of Way and Access Plans and Schedule 5 of the draft DCO Further information on the provision is set out in the Project Design	Horse Riders [APP-512] Rights of Way and Access Plans [REP1-025 and REP1-026],	
WCH / Active Travel - Operational Effects Connectivity of paths	2.1.99	Especially with recent expansion of land take for NOx offset, there should be creation of continuous longer distance paths that connect up communities. Some of the paths residents use are former woodsman's tracks for coppicing, although shown	Report A WCH Strategy has been developed to help improve connectivity to the existing PRoW network and repair any severance caused directly by the Project. The strategy has been developed through dialogue with	Rights of Way and Access Plans [REP1-025 and REP1- 026] Schedule 5 of the draft DCO [REP2-004] Project Design Report Part E: Design for	Matter Not Agreed

Deleted: Project Design Report (Application Document 7.4)¶
Rights of Way & Access Plans (Application Document 2.7)¶
Schedule 5 of the draft DCO (Application Document 3.1)

Deleted: application documents, specifically

Deleted: &

Deleted: (2.7) **Deleted:** (3.1).

Deleted: (7.4). ¶

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	Deleted: number
•		comment	Response	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways c
		on maps these are not	Stakeholders and	Walkers, Cyclists and		
		public footpaths but need	through a series of	Horse Riders		
		to be made so, with this	formal consultations	[APP-512],		Deleted: Project Design Report
		being enabled as part of	to identify where			Rights of Way & Access Plans (A Schedule 5 of the draft DCO (Ap
		the project. SPC	proposed			Scriedule 3 of the draft DCO (Ap
		particularly mention Court	improvements should			
		Wood and Great Crabbles	be provided. For			
		Wood in this context.	those wider areas not			
			directly impacted by			
			the Project, there are			
			opportunities for			
			Designated Funding			
			from the Applicant to			Deleted: National Highways
			be assigned as part of			
			a legacy package of			
			works.			
			The WCH provision in			
			the Project is set out			
			in application			
			documents,			
			specifically the Rights			
			of Way and Access			Deleted: &
			Plans and Schedule 5			 Deleted: (2.7)
			of the draft DCO.			Deleted: (3.1).
			Further information on			
			the provision is set			
			out in the Project			
			Design Report_			Deleted: (7.4). ¶
Cross-river WCH a	and 2.1.100	There need to be bus	The new road creates	N/A	Matter Not Agreed,	Deleted: Under Discussion
Sustainable Travel	<u>!</u>	routes that connect Kent	opportunities for			
		and Essex.	operators to develop			
			new local and			

Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: TR010032 Application Document Ref: TR010032/APP/5.4.5.4 DATE: September 2023 DEADLINE:4

109

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

comment

port (Application Document 7.4)¶
as (Application Document 2.7)¶
(Application Document 3.1)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
Non-motorised users enabled to use the crossing		There have been requests for shuttle buses to assist cyclists to cross, they are expected to use the Gravesend to Tilbury ferry.	regional bus services, by providing new connectivity between Kent, Thurrock and Essex. Identification and development of these routes is the responsibility of the relevant operators. Local buses will not have to pay the user charge for the Lower Thames Crossing, reducing operating costs for operators. The Applicant		
			considered options during the development of the project to provide improved river crossings for walkers and cyclists. The options investigated include using the tunnel, upgrading the existing ferry, relocating the ferry, building a separate bridge or cable car, and providing a shuttle service		

Deleted: National Highways

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
•		comment	Response	Document Reference	
			through the tunnel. All		
			of these options have		
			been rejected for		
			reasons including lack		
			of technical feasibility,		
			operational issues,		
			lack of commercial		
			viability, cost,		
			environmental		
			impacts and poor		
			safety. Latent		
			demand for walking		
			and cycling across		
			the River Thames at		
			the project crossing		
			point is low and		
			therefore unlikely to		
			unlock enough trips to		
			make the required		
			infrastructure for a		
			shuttle service		
			economically viable.		
			In addition, journey		
			times and distances		
			for a shuttle would be		
			excessive because		
			the most suitable		
			collection and drop-off		
			points would be at the		
			proposed		
			M2/A2/A122 Lower		
			Thames Crossing		
			junction and as far		

Deleted: number

Deleted: ,

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: National Highways are

Deleted: National Highways

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status	
•		comment	Response,	Document Reference		
			north as the proposed			
			A13/A1089 junction.			
			There is no provision			
			for cyclists. The			
			Lower Thames			
			Crossing has been			
			designed to provide a			
			free-flow connection			
			between the A2 and			
			M25 with a maximum			
			speed of 70mph. The			
			Applicant is, working			
			closely with			
			communities and			
			Local Authorities on			
			ensuring there is			
			minimal impact on			
			roads. The Applicant,			
			will investigate the			
			provision of			
			temporary/permanent			
			alternative footpaths,			
			bridleways and cycle			
			paths for users where			
			the new crossing will			
			impact on existing			
			routes.			
Road drainage and t	ne water enviro	nment				
Project design and	2.1.101	Adequacy of proposals for	Operational drainage	N/A	Matter Not Agreed	
mitigation		drainage and storage:	discharges to ground			
		Drainage ponds near A226		II	•	

Uncontrolled when printed – Copyright © - 2023 National Highways Limited – all rights reserved

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
Drainage and storage proposals		have been amalgamated with those further south, how will water from more northerly road surfaces get to there, location and landscaping of pumps, failsafes/backup. Ponds need capacity for heaviest incidence of rainfall, which can be torrential, not yearly average. Reassurance needed that capacity is suitable for the vast areas of tarmac being created, especially the 2km long slope of the LTC. Risk of flooding to houses on the A226 and contamination to North Kent Marshes SPA should there be overspil101	water quality modelling assessments that demonstrate no risks of pollution of underlying groundwater resources. A temporary discharge of rainfall runoff is also proposed and this will be governed by the parameters of an Environment Agency discharge permit that will secure the required water quality standards.		
Project design and mitigation Biodiversity value of	2.1.102	It is hoped that the lower parts (least contaminated?) of the pond series might have some biodiversity/habitat	The drainage design incorporates Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) and reduces the risk of	Figure 2.4: Environmental Masterplan [APP-162, REP2-014 to REP2- 031],	Matter Under Discussion
drainage ponds		qualities.	causing flooding elsewhere by using attenuation features as presented		

Deleted: Figure 2.4: Environmental Masterplan (Application Document 6.1)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
			on Figure 2.4: Environmental Masterplan, Drainage of operational areas on greenfield sites would be designed to ensure that post- development surface water runoff rates do not exceed existing rates. Where this attenuation is provided via ponds, the ponds would be designed to appear as naturalistic elements within the wider setting, with planting provided to soften edges where this is appropriate.		
Project design and mitigation Contamination of North Kent Marshes SPA	2.1.103	Proposals include using a present arable field north of the Lower Higham Road as a "temporary" drainage area during construction, this field is bounded on its west by the "Ramsar Ditch" which is part of the Ramsar Site. Assurance is needed that contaminated water cannot enter the	The three arable fields north of Lower Higham Road are only required for temporary use as per the land use plans. During the period of temporary use, the fields will be farmed in such a way as to ensure winter stubble	N/A	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: (Application Document 6.2)

Topic	Item No.,	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	<u>Application</u>	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		interconnected marshes	remains so it can be		
		supply and drainage	used for birds.		
		system.	The new drainage		
		Note that construction	pipes are to convey		
		plans also include using	temporary surface		
		the Ramsar Ditch for	water discharges		
		drainage outflow to the	(suitably treated by a		
		Thames, detail of how this	settlement lagoon)		
		would be effected are	and not required		
		lacking.	permanently. The temporary drainage		
			outfall would only be		
			in place during the		
			construction period.		
			Permanent		
			subsurface rights are		
			sought for the stretch		
			of the pipe running		
			underneath Lower		
			Higham Road to the		
			field to allow for the		
			redundant pipe to be		
			decommissioned and		
			left in situ should its		
			removal not be practical or		
			economical. If the		
			pipe is left in situ,		
			measures would be		
			taken to ensure it is		
			appropriately capped.		

-{	Deleted: number
-1	Deleted: National Highways comment

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status	 Deleted: number
•		comment	Response	Document Reference		Deleted: National Highways comment
			The discharge of runoff from the Southern tunnel entrance compound would be governed by an Environment Agency Discharge Consent, the conditions of which the contractor would be bound to comply with. This will safeguard against contamination entering the Ramsar site. Protocols to prevent pollution during extreme weather events would also be put in place and would be documented in the detailed Construction Environment Management Plan.			
Project design and mitigation Water flow from Shorne Ifield Farm to west of Chalk Church	2.1.104	SPC have asked repeatedly about this because a map issued early on included a water flow route supplying the marshes that would be transected by the works.	The Applicant has, undertaken extensive searches to find more information about this watercourse, including with the land owner/land agent, the	N/A	Matter Under Discussion	Deleted: National Highways have

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council	The Applicant's	Application	Status
		comment	Response,	Document Reference	
		SPC have been told that there isn't a pipe identified but we had not been thinking it was necessarily culverted. Verbal information via Gravesham Borough Council is that according to Natural England it is a mapping error but we would like more detailed, written assurances over lack of existence and what route this waterflow actually takes.	EA and the Lead Local Flood Authority, and no records of it have been found. No evidence of its presence has been identified during site walkovers. It is concluded that no culverted watercourse exists in the alignment shown in the early project maps.		
Project design and mitigation Effect on existing ponds/lakes	2.1.105	There are, or should be existing lakes and ponds locally, concern that these could have their water supply, or water retention ability, compromised.	The ES includes an assessment of likely significant effects on both surface and groundwater receptors, including effects on water flows, levels and quality.	ES Chapter 14: Road Drainage and the Water Environment [APP-152],	Matter Under Discussion
Project design and mitigation Chemical de-icing increasing contaminated run-off	2.1.106	The new 2km long incline up from the marshes, and the junctions and additional feeder roads, will need a significant amount of chemical deicing in winter, this increases the amount of	An assessment of the potential effects of the operational drainage systems on surface and groundwater receptors has been carried out and is presented within the	ES Chapter 14: Road Drainage and the Water Environment [APP-152],	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: LLFA

Deleted: The Environmental Statement (Application Document 6.1)...

Deleted: Environmental Statement (Application Document 6.1)

Deleted: Environmental Statement (Application Document 6.1)

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
		contaminated run-off and increase threat to the marshes. Heated road surfaces were suggested as a possible reduction measure.	ES. Appropriate mitigation has been detailed within the drainage design to ensure effects are minimised.		
Climate					
Assessment Methodology Effect of climate change on the project	2.1.107	Documentation discussed effect of the project on climate change but not the reverse, i.e. how climate change might affect and threaten the project.	To ensure the effects of climate change are minimised during operation, the project would be designed in accordance with the standards set out in the Applicant's. Design Manual for Roads and Bridges. Construction materials and products would be selected that are more resilient to the effects of projected future climate change. The road and any associated assets would be maintained to ensure that any deterioration and/or defects would be identified and managed as quickly as possible.	ES, Appendix 15.3; Climate Resilience Impacts and Effects [APP-482]	Matter Under Discussion

Deleted: number

Deleted: National Highways comment

Deleted: Environmental Statement (Application Document

Deleted: Environmental Statement

Deleted: -

Deleted: Highways England's

Topic	Item No.	Shorne Parish Council comment	The Applicant's Response	Application Document Reference	Status
			More information is provided in ES.Appendix 15.3; Climate Resilience Impacts and Effects.		
Project design and mitigation Enhancement of flood defences	2.1.108	Documentation discussed this early on but it disappeared from later versions, reasons unclear. Project must not increase the threat to low lying areas.	During construction and operation, flood defences will be monitored to ensure structural, stability. Remedial action will be taken if necessary to maintain the defences. The project design includes flood resilience and this design includes amendments necessary due to predicted climate change.	N/A	Matter Agreed

Deleted: the Environmental Statement

Deleted: -

Deleted: structure

Moved up [1]: ¶

This

Deleted: Section Break (Next Page)

Agreement on this Statement of Common Ground¶
Agreement on this Statement of Common Ground¶
STATEMENT OF COMMON GROUND¶

Appendix A Engagement activity

Engagement activities between the Applicant and Shorne Parish Council since the DCO application was submitted on 31 October 2022,

The table below summarises communication in relation to progressing this SoCG. The Applicant notes that there has been various informal communication, such as telephone calls between both parties to discuss project updates and various ad-hoc queries, which

are not set out in the table below.				
Date,	Overview of engagement activities,			
12 January 2023,	The Applicant emailed Shorne Parish Council about the Procedural Decision which requested a PADS Tracker and suggested whether a Teams meeting would be helpful,			
01 February 2023,	The Applicant shared a document with signposting for Shorne Parish Council's Matters Under Discussion to find information within the DCO Application Documents and the PADS Tracker template.			
03 March 2023,	The Applicant emailed Shorne Parish Council as a reminder about the PADS Tracker deadline and that they would be responsible for submitting it. Shorne Parish Council shared a draft of the PADS Tracker and updated the Applicant on progress in relation to SoCG matters.			
06 March 2023	The Applicant provided feedback on the PADS Tracker and queried whether signposting document was helpful or if further assistance would be required.			
10 March 2023	Shorne Parish Council shared PADS Tracker with the Applicant.			
23 March 2023	The Applicant contacted Shorne Parish Council with offer of teams meeting to discuss SoCGs, PADS Tracker, next steps and timescales.			
11 April 2023	The Applicant emailed Shorne Parish Council with updates regarding the SoCG template, shared the latest version with queries for Shorne Parish Council and requested if updates could be made and shared by 28 April.			
May to July	The Applicant and Shorne Parish Council continued to engage during this period but did not make any progress on the SoCG items specifically. SPC informed the Applicant that they were focusing on reviewing documents and attending the initial examination hearings.			
10 August 2023	The Applicant met with Shorne Parish Council to discuss progress on the SoCG and PADS Tracker, and agree a strategy for moving matters in the SoCG. Next meeting planned for 17 August.			
17 August 2023	The Applicant and Shorne Parish Council met to review matters and agreed further status changes. Next meeting planned for 31 August.			

120

Deleted: Statement of Common Ground has been prepared...

Deleted: agreed by (1) National Highways Company Limited and (2) ...

Deleted: .

Deleted: Name

Deleted: Name Deleted **Deleted:** Position Deleted: Stakeholder Manager Deleted: Organisation Deleted: National Highways Deleted: Signature

Appendix B Glossary

Term	Abbreviation	Explanation
Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty	AONB	Statutory designation intended to conserve and enhance the ecology, natural heritage and landscape value of an area of countryside.
Code of Construction Practice	CoCP	Contains control measures and standards to be implemented by the Project, including those to avoid or reduce environmental effects.
Design Manual for Roads and Bridges	DMRB	A comprehensive manual which contains requirements, advice and other published documents relating to works on motorway and all-purpose trunk roads for which one of the Overseeing Organisations (National Highways, Transport Scotland, the Welsh Government or the Department for Regional Development (Northern Ireland)) is the highway authority. For the A122 Lower Thames Crossing, the Overseeing Organisation is National Highways.
High Speed 1	HS1	A 109km high-speed railway between London and the UK end of the Channel Tunnel. The line carries international passenger traffic between the UK and continental Europe; it also carries domestic passenger traffic to and from stations in Kent and east London, as well as Berne gauge freight traffic.
Lower Thames Project	v	The proposed A122 Lower Thames Crossing.
Outline Traffic Management Plan for construction	oTMPfc	Outlines the approach to carrying out temporary traffic management for the safe construction of the project and the management measures to reduce the impact on local communities.
Transport Analysis Guidance	TAG	National guidance document produced by the Department for Transport.
Ramsar	Ramsar	A wetland of international importance, designated under the Ramsar convention.sac
Register of Environmental Actions and Commitments	REAC	The REAC identifies the environmental commitments that would be implemented during the construction and operational phases of the Project if the Development Consent Order is granted, and forms part of the Code of Construction Practice,
Special Area of Conservation	SAC	A designation under EU Directive 92/43/EEC on the Conservation of Natural habitats and of Wild Fauna and Flora also known as the Habitats directive.
Site of Special Scientific Interest	SSSI	A conservation designation denoting an area of particular ecological or geological importance.

Deleted: Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

Deleted: LTC

Deleted: (Application Document 6.3, ES Appendix 2.2).

Deleted: SACs are to protect

Deleted: 220

Deleted: approximately 1000 species listed in annex I

Deleted: II of

Deleted: directive which are considered to be of European interest following criteria given in the

Lower Thames Crossing – 5.4.5.4 Draft Agreed Statement of Common Ground between (1) National Highways and (2) Shorne Parish Council (Tracked changes version)

Volume 5

Term	Abbreviation	Explanation
Special Protection Area	SPA	A designation under the European Union Directive on the Conservation of Wild Birds.
Walkers, cyclists and horse riders	WCH	Walkers, cyclists and horse riders.
Wider Network Impacts Management and Monitoring Plan	WNIMMP	Summarises the work undertaken to date to identify and assess areas of the road network where monitoring and potential interventions may be necessary to better manage additional traffic as a result of the project.

Deleted:Page Break....

List of engagement activities¶
List of engagement activities in relation to the Project is outlined in Table C.1 below.¶
List agreed that this is an accurate record of the key meetings and consultation undertaken between (1) National Highways and (2) Shorne Parish Council in relation to the matters addressed in this SoCG.¶
Engagement activities between National Highways and Shorne Parish Council.¶

Date

If you need help accessing this or any other National Highways information, please call **0300 123 5000** and we will help you.

© Crown copyright 2023

You may re-use this information (not including logos) free of charge in any format or medium, under the terms of the Open Government Licence. To view this licence:

visit www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/

write to the Information Policy Team, The National Archives, Kew, London TW9 4DU. or email psi@nationalarchives.gsi.gov.uk.

Mapping (where present): © Crown copyright and database rights 2023 OS 100030649. You are permitted to use this data solely to enable you to respond to, or interact with, the organisation that provided you with the data. You are not permitted to copy, sub-licence, distribute or sell any of this data to third parties in any form.

If you have any enquiries about this publication email info@nationalhighways.co.uk or call 0300 123 5000*.

*Calls to 03 numbers cost no more than a national rate call to an 01 or 02 number and must count towards any inclusive minutes in the same way as 01 and 02 calls.

These rules apply to calls from any type of line including mobile, BT, other fixed line or payphone. Calls may be recorded or monitored.

Printed on paper from well-managed forests and other controlled sources when issued directly by National Highways.

Registered office Bridge House, 1 Walnut Tree Close, Guildford GU1 4LZ

National Highways Limited registered in England and Wales number 09346363